# ACCU-Pro 632 AUTO - INDEX SPIN / RELIEF REEL MOWER GRINDER

Patent No. 6,010,394 6,290,581 & 6,685,544

# ASSEMBLY and SERVICE MANUAL



# **WARNING**

You must thoroughly read and understand this manual before operating the equipment, paying particular attention to the Warning & Safety instructions.

## SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



**Safety Awareness Symbols** are inserted into this manual to alert you to possible **Safety Hazards**. Whenever you see these symbols, follow their instructions.



The *Warning Symbol* identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not correctly followed, could result in personal injury.

The *Caution Symbol* identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage to or destruction of equipment.

- 1. **KEEP GUARDS IN PLACE** and in working order.
- 2. REMOVE WRENCHES AND OTHER TOOLS.
- 3. KEEP WORK AREA CLEAN.
- DON'T USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT.
   Don't use Grinder in damp or wet locations.
   Machine is for indoor use only. Keep work area well lit.
- 5. **KEEP ALL VISITORS AWAY.** All visitors should be kept a safe distance from work area.
- 6. **MAKE WORK AREA CHILD-PROOF** with padlocks or master switches.
- DON'T FORCE THE GRINDER. It will do the job better and safer if used as specified in this manual.
- 8. **USE THE RIGHT TOOL.** Don't force the Grinder or an attachment to do a job for which it was not designed.
- WEAR PROPER APPAREL. Wear no loose clothing, gloves, neckties, or jewelry which may get caught in moving parts. Nonslip foot wear is recommended. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair.
- 10. ALWAYS USE SAFETY GLASSES.
- SECURE YOUR WORK. Make certain that the cutting unit is securely fastened with the clamps provided before operating.
- 12. **DON'T OVERREACH.** Keep proper footing and balance at all times.

- MAINTAIN GRINDER WITH CARE. Follow instructions in Service Manual for lubrication and preventive maintenance.
- 14. **DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING,** or when changing the grinding wheel.
- REDUCE THE RISK OF UNINTENTIONAL STARTING. Make sure the switch if OFF before plugging in the Grinder.
- USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES.
   Consult the manual for recommended accessories
   Using improper accessories may cause risk of personal injury.
- 17. **CHECK DAMAGED PARTS.** A guard or other part that is damaged or will not perform its intended function should be properly repaired or replaced.
- 18. **KNOW YOUR EQUIPMENT.** Read this manual carefully. Learn its application and limitations as well as specific potential hazards.
- KEEP ALL SAFETY DECALS CLEAN AND LEGIBLE. If safety decals become damaged or illegible for any reason, replace immediately. Refer to replacement parts illustration in Service Manual for the proper location and part numbers of safety decals.
- 20. **DO NOT OPERATE THE GRINDER WHEN UNDER THE** INFLUENCE OF DRUGS, ALCOHOL OR MEDICATION.



# MPROPER USE OF GRINDING WHEEL MAY AUSE BREAKAGE AND SERIOUS INJURY

Grinding is a safe operation if the few basic rules listed below are followed. These rules are based on materiel contained in the ANSI B7.1 Safety Code for "Use, Care and Protection of Abrasive Wheels". For your safety, we suggest you benefit from the experience of others and carefully follow these rules.

## DO

- 1. **DO** always **HANDLE AND STORE** wheels in a **CAREFUL** manner.
- 2. **DO VISUALLY INSPECT** all wheels before mounting for possible damage.
- DO CHECK MACHINE SPEED against the established maximum safe operating speed.
- 4. **DO CHECK MOUNTING FLANGES** for equal and correct diameter.
- 5. **DO USE MOUNTING BLOTTERS** when supplied with wheels.
- 6. **DO** be sure **WORK REST** is properly adjusted.
- DO always USE A SAFETY GUARD COVERING at least one-half of the grinding wheel.
- DO allow NEWLY MOUNTED WHEELS
   to run at operating speed, with guard
   in place, for at least one minute before
   grinding.
- DO always WEAR SAFETY GLASSES or some type of eye protection when grinding.

## **DON'T**

- 1. **DON'T** use a cracked wheel or one that has become damaged.
- 2. **DON'T FORCE** a wheel onto the machine **OR ALTER** the size of the mounting hole if wheel won't fit the machine, get one that will.
- DON'T ever EXCEED MAXIMUM OPERATING SPEED established for the wheel.
- 4. **DON'T** use mounting flanges on which the bearing surfaces **ARE NOT CLEAN, FLAT AND FREE OF BURRS.**
- 5. **DON'T TIGHTEN** the mounting nut excessively.
- 6. **DON'T** grind on the **SIDE OF THE WHEEL** (see Safety Code B7. 2 for exception).
- 7. **DON'T** start the machine until the **WHEEL GUARD IS IN PLACE.**
- 8. **DON'T JAM** work into the wheel.
- DON'T STAND DIRECTLY IN FRONT of a grinding wheel whenever a grinder is started.
- 10. **DON'T FORCE GRINDING** so that motor slows noticeably or work gets hot.



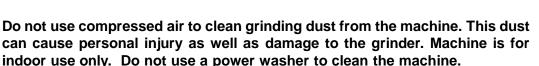
AVOID INHALATION OF DUST generated by grinding and cutting operations. Exposure to dust may cause respiratory ailments. Use approved NIOSH or MSHA respirators, safety glasses or face shields, and protective clothing. Provide adequate ventilation to eliminate dust, or maintain dust level below the Threshold Limit Value for nuisance dust as classified by OSHA.

This machine is intended for grinding the reel of reel type mower units <u>ONLY</u>. Any use other than this may cause personal injury and void the warranty.



To assure the quality and safety of your machine and to maintain the warranty, you MUST use original equipment manufacturers replacement parts and have any repair work done by a qualified professional.

ALL operators of this equipment must be thoroughly trained BEFORE operating the equipment.



# WARNING

FACTORY
PRESET.
FLASHING
GREEN LIGHT
INDICATES
LOW VOLTAGE,
FLASHING
RED LIGHT
INDICATES
HIGH VOLTAGE
DELIVERED
TO GRINDER

# Low Voltage Relay

The grinder is equipped with a high-low voltage relay which is factory preset at 100-140 VAC. If the power supply line does not deliver 100-140 VAC power under load, the relay will open and trip out the starter. If this occurs, your power supply line is incorrect and must be correct before proceeding further with the grinder.

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# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Electrical Requirements	115V 50/60 Hz, 20 amp circui
Net Weight	1490 lbs (676 kg)
Shipping Weight	1770 lbs (803 kg)
Maximum Grinding Length	34 inches (86cm)

## SKILL AND TRAINING REQUIRED FOR SERVICING

This Service Manual is designed for technicians who have the necessary mechanical and electrical knowledge and skills to reliably test and repair the *ACCU*-PRO Spin/Relief Grinder. For those without the background, service can be arranged through your local distributor.

This Manual presumes that you are already familiar with the normal operation of the Grinder. If not, you should read the Operators Manual, or do the servicing in conjunction with someone who is familiar with its operation.

Persons without the necessary knowledge and skills should not remove the control box cover or attempt any internal troubleshooting, adjustments, or parts replacement.

If you have questions not answered in this manual, please call your distributor. They will contact the manufacturer if necessary.

## TORQUE REQUIREMENTS

Throughout this manual we refer to torque requirements as "firmly tighten" or the like. For more specific torque values, refer to the information below.

Bolts Going Into a Nut, or Into a Thread Hole in Steel.

Refer to the table at the right.

**Bolts Going Into a Thread Hole In Aluminum** Use the Grade 2 values in the table at the right.

Socket-Head Screws Going Into a Nut or Steel Use the Grade 8 values in the table at the right.

**Machine Screws** 

No. 6 screws: 11 in.- lbs (0.125kg - m) No. 8 screws: 20 in. - lbs (0.23 kg - m) No. 10 screws: 32 in. - lbs (0.37 kg - m)

	GRADE 2	GRADE 5	GRADE 8
	$\bigcirc$	⟨∴⟩	$\langle : : \rangle$
	SMOOTH	3 MARKS	6 MARKS
	HEAD	on HEAD	on HEAD
1/4 In.	6 ft-lbs	9 ft-lbs	13 ft-lbs
thread	(0.8 kg-m)	(1.25 kg-m)	(1.8 kg-m)
5/16 In.	11 ft-lbs	18 ft-lbs	28 ft-lbs
thread	(1.5 kg-m)	(2.5 kg-m)	(3.9 kg-m)
3/8 In.	19 ft-lbs	31 ft-lbs	46 ft-lbs
thread	(2.6 kg-m)	(4.3 kg-m)	(6.4 kg-m)
7/16 In.	30 ft-lbs	50 ft-lbs	75 ft-lbs
thread	(4.1 kg-m)	(6.9 kg-m)	(10.4 kg-m)
1/2 In.	45 ft-lbs	75 ft-lbs	115 ft-lbs
thread	(6.2 kg-m)	(10.4 kg-m)	(15.9 kg-m)

# **ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS**

Remove the sides, front, and back of the crate. Remove the plastic bag, shrink wrap and bubble wrap. Remove the metal clips that secure the grinder to the crate base. With a fork lift, raise the grinder from the wood base and set it in its final position. See FIG. 1 and 2.



THE UNIT WEIGHS 1490 LBS. (676 kg). USE POWER EQUIPMENT TO LIFT MACHINE.

Remove shipping straps from traverse carriage. Remove window protective sheets.

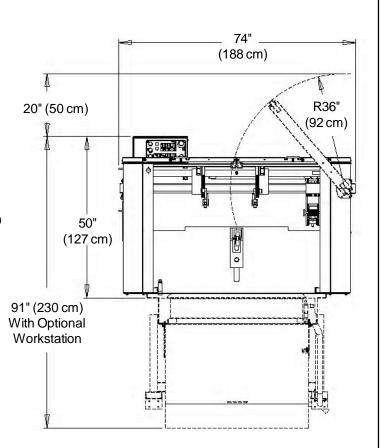


FIG.1

## **POSITION BASE**

The *ACCU*-Pro Spin/Relief Grinder will require an operating area of about 120" W x 140" D x 90" H (305 x 356 x 229 cm). The mower reel will be lifted from the front of the machine if using the optional winch & boom and from the rear with the optional workstation. The machine operator will operate the unit from the front of the machine. Position the base to allow sufficient operating room in front of the machine (and behind if using the optional workstation). See FIG. 1 and 2.

The base should be placed on a relatively level concrete floor, with ample ceiling height to allow for the installation of the unit. Do not place the unit across two concrete slab seams or across a large crack.

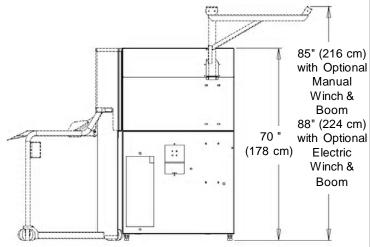


FIG. 2

Remove the carton and remove the contents from the carton onto a workbench. The carton includes: **PRODUCT PACKET** 5" (127mm) DIA. X 3/8" (10mm) 3.5" (89mm) DIA. X 1" (25mm) WIDE GRINDING WHEEL WIDE GRINDING WHEEL SPIN DRIVE ADAPTER **ALLEN WRENCH** 3.5" (897mm) DIA. X 3/8" (10mm) WIDE GRINDING WHEEL **REEL POSITION GAGE ALIGNMENT GAGE HORIZONTAL EXTENSION DRIP PAN** (ALIGNMENT GAGE)

## **LEVEL BASE**

Place level on the top of the table. Adjust the leveling feet as necessary to bring to level. See FIG. 4.

Place a level across the table from front to rear. Adjust the leveling feet on the end of the machine as necessary to level. See FIG. 5

When both front to back and side to side leveling procedures have been completed, thread the hex jam nuts up against the nut that is welded to the bottom until they lock into place. Be careful not to move the leveling feet during this process.

See FIG. 3. Make certain that all four leveling feet are firmly contacting the floor.

Recheck with level after locking nuts are firmly tightened.

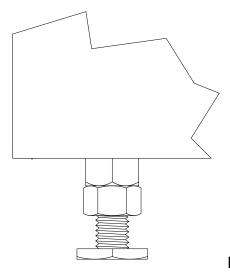


FIG. 3

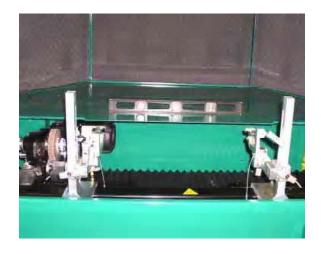


FIG. 4



FIG. 5

## **APPLY POWER**



BEFORE YOU APPLY POWER TO THE GRINDER, REFER TO THE "IMPORTANT GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS" ON PAGE 10.

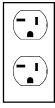


FIG. 7

**115 Volt Model Only.** Plug the control box power cord into a standard 115V AC 20-amp grounded receptacle. See FIG. 7.

**220 Volt Model Only.** For 220 Volt Applications order Part No. 6320916, which includes a prewired 3 KVA 220V step down to 110V 50-60Hz transformer. See Page 10.

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THIS ACCU-PRO SPIN/RELIEF GRINDER HAS ITS OWN PERMANENT POWER CONNECTION FROM THE POWER DISTRIBUTION PANEL, WITH NO OTHER MAJOR POWER DRAW EQUIPMENT ON THE SAME LINE.

IT IS REQUIRED THAT THE POWER DELIVERED TO THIS GRINDER IS 115 VAC - 20 AMPS. THE TOLERANCE ON THIS POWER REQUIREMENT IS +/- 5%. THEREFORE THE MINIMUM VOLTAGE REQUIREMENT IS 109VAC WITH 20 AMPS. VOLTAGE MUST BE CHECKED WITH ALL EQUIPMENT UNDER LOAD (OPERATING) ON THE CIRCUIT.

DO NOT OPERATE THIS GRINDER WITH AN EXTENSION CORD.

DO NOT OPERATE THIS GRINDER ON A GROUND FAULT INTERUPTER (GFI) CIRCUIT. THE (GFI) WILL TRIP CONSTANTLY.

PROPER GROUNDING OF THE RECEPTACLE GROUND IN YOUR BUILDING MUST BE VERIFIED. IMPROPER GROUNDING IN YOUR BUILDING MAY CAUSE THE GRINDER TO MALFUNCTION.

When installing the grinder, the following guidelines should be used to establish the wire size between the power panel in your building and the grinder receptacle. Note that the wiring in your building must be per code between main power panels and sub panels.

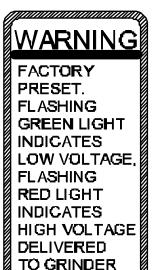
## FOR 20 AMP RATED LARGE MACHINES

For 0 to 40 Feet from panel to receptacle = Use 12 Ga. Wire. For 40 to 60 Feet from panel to receptacle = Use 10 Ga. Wire. For 60 to 100 Feet from panel to receptacle = Use 8 Ga. Wire. For 100 to 160 Feet from panel to receptacle = Use 6 Ga. Wire.

For 0 to 12 Meters from panel to receptacle = Use 2.5mm Wire. For 12 to 30 Meters from panel to receptacle = Use 4.0mm Wire.

The grinder is equipped with a highlow voltage relay which is factory preset at 100-140 VAC.

If the power supply line does not deliver 100-140 VAC power under load, the relay will open and trip out the starter. If this occurs, your power supply line is incorrect and must be correct before proceeding further with the grinder.



**FOR** 220 V 50 or 60Hz applications Product No. 6320916 should be ordered.

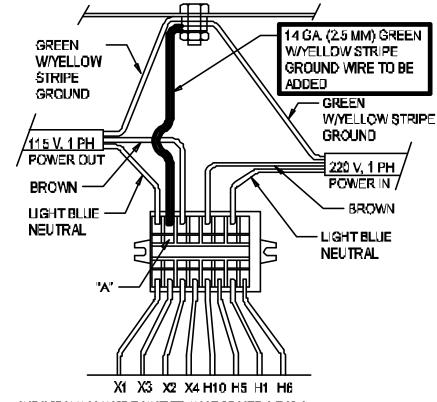
These models includes a 3KVA 220V, step down to 110 V 50-60 Hz transformer.

The wiring diagram is shown in FIG. 8.

The power cord has no connector. A connector which is appropriate for your locality and 220 volt, 10 amp application should be installed.



USE ONLY A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN TO COMPLETE THE INSTALLATION.



INDIVIDUALLY WIRE NUT TRANSFORMER LEADS H2, H3, H4, H7, H8 AND H9

INSTALL THE GREEN WYELLOW STRIPE WIRE SUPPLIED INTO THE TERMINAL BLOCK IN THE HOLE OPPOSITE WIRE X3 AS SHOWN. TO INSTALL THE WIRE INSERT A SMALL SCREWDRIVER INTO THE CAMITY MARKED "A" TO OPEN THE WIRE HOLE.

ATTACH THE OTHER END OF THE GREEN W/YELLOW STRIPE WIRE SUPPLIED TO THE GROUND STUD ON THE TRANSFORMER. FIG. 8

## IMPORTANT GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

In case of a malfunction of electrical breakdown, grounding reduces the risk of electrical shock by providing a path of least resistance for electrical current.

This Grinder has an electrical cord with an equipment grounding conductor and a grounding plug. The plug must be plugged into a matching outlet that is properly installed and grounded according to all local or other appropriate electrical codes and ordinances.

Before plugging in the Grinder, make sure it will be connected to a supply circuit protected by a properly sized circuit breaker or fuse. SEE SERIAL NUMBER PLATE FOR FULL LOAD AMP RATING FOR YOUR MACHINE.

Never modify the plug provided with the machine--if it won't fit the outlet, have a proper outlet and circuit installed by a qualified electrician.



ALWAYS PROVIDE A PROPER ELECTRICAL GROUND FOR YOUR MACHINE. AN IMPROPER CONNECTION CAN CAUSE A DANGEROUS ELECTRICAL SHOCK. IF YOU ARE UNSURE OF THE PROPER ELECTRICAL GROUNDING PROCEDURE, CONTACT A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.

# PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

DAILY MAINTENANCE IS SPECIFIED ON PAGE 4 OF THE OPERATOR'S MANUAL, AND IS TO BE PERFORMED BY THE OPERATOR. LISTED BELOW ARE PERIODIC MAINTENANCE ITEMS TO BE PERFORMED BY YOUR COMPANY'S MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT:

- Clean the tank and filter of the vacuum system weekly or more often depending on the number of reels ground. (VACUUM SYSTEM IS OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT).
- 2. Use the grease fitting provided to grease the dove tail with high quality lithium grease monthly. Wipe off excess grease. See FIG. 7.
- 3. Wipe and re-oil with spray lubricant, the grinding wheel diameter adjusting lead screw every three months. Wipe off all excess lubricant. See FIG. 7.
- 4 Check the gib adjustment on the Grinding wheel diameter adjustment every 3 months. See FIG. 7.
- 5. Inspect the Grinding Wheel Poly-V belt for cracking and adjust the belt tension per procedure called out in the adjustment section every six months.
- 6. Wipe and relube with never-seez, the vertical and horizontal alignment shafts and lead screws, every six months. See FIG. 8.
- 7. Lift the bellows and wipe off the bearing rails monthly. Lubricate linear bearing, follow the lubrication procedure on the following pages. Generally, this will be every six months to a year.

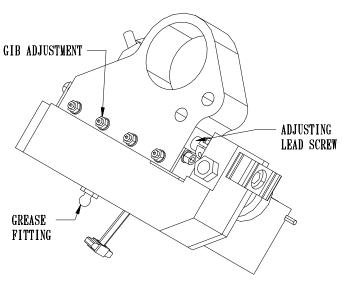


FIG. 7

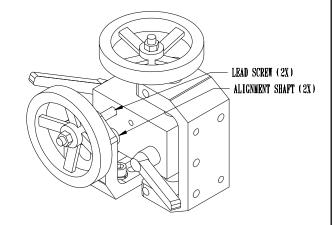


FIG. 8

## STORAGE PROCEDURE

It is important to follow the procedures below when placing your grinding in storage for an extended period of time. Proper care will help maintain the working functions of the grinder and decrease maintenance and problems that occur when storing the grinder.

## **BEFORE STORING THE GRINDER:**

- -Clean the machine thoroughly. (DO NOT USE COMPRESSED AIR OR A POWER WASHER TO CLEAN THIS MACHINE!) See Maintenance section for instructions on cleaning polycarbonate.
- -Lubricate the following parts by flooding the area with a spray lubricant and leaving it in place: (Do not use a Teflon based lubricant)

Traverse Shafts & Linear bearings (see Lubrication section of manual) Remove grinding wheel and spray the movable parts of the finger system Cross slide shafts and adjustment screws (Right side of Traverse Base) Scratches in the paint or any other bare metal surfaces

- -Work the lubricant in by moving parts through their full range of motion.
- -Make sure all controls are in the off position and unplug the unit from the wall. Turn off the digital alignment gage.
- -Cover the unit if possible with a sheet or tarp.

#### BRINGING THE UNIT BACK INTO SERVICE:

- -Remove the cover and reapply lubricant to the items stated above. Wipe off all excess lubricant. (See Lubrication section for more details.)
- -Plug the unit into the wall and test all electrical functions.
- -Check the belts for cracking and adjust the tension if necessary.
- -Check for damaged or missing parts.

# **LUBRICATION**

#### **LUBRICATION OF LINEAR BEARINGS**

STEP 1--Thoroughly clean the shafts.

STEP 2--Flood spray the two shafts with a spray lubricant (do not use a teflon based lubricant) until the lubricant is dripping off the shafts. See FIG. 10 Then run the carriage back and forth through its range of travel. This will carry the lubricant into the bearings.

STEP 3--With a clean rag, wipe off the excess amount of lubricant from the shafts. Run the carriage back and forth through its range of travel and wipe the shafts after each traverse. Repeat until the shafts are dry to the feel. This completes the lubrication process.

If the unit will be shut down for an extended period of time, more than four weeks, then the shafts and other appropriate parts of the unit should be flooded with lubricant and that lubricant left in place until the unit is brought back into service. When the unit is brought back into service the full lubrication procedure as stated above should be repeated.

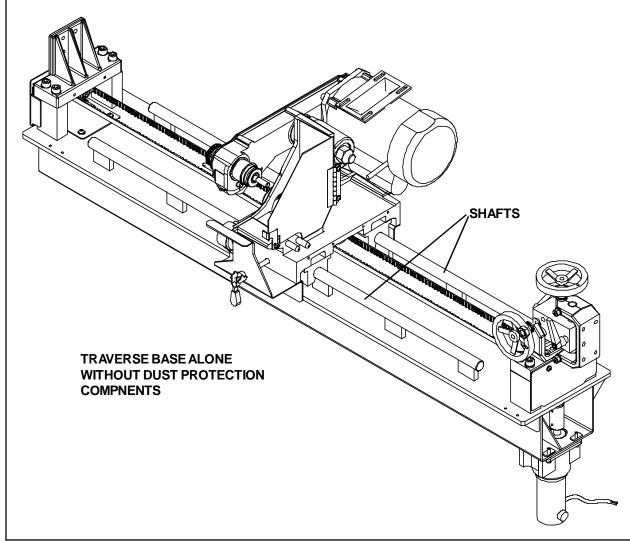


FIG. 10

# **MAINTENANCE** (Continued)

# CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES FOR POLYCARBONATE WINDOWS

## **Cleaning Instructions**

DO NOT USE GASOLINE
Adherence to regular and proper
cleaning procedures is recommended
to preserve appearance and performance.

## **Washing to Minimize Scratching**

Wash polycarbonate windows with a mild dish washing liquid detergent and lukewarm water, using a clean soft sponge or a soft cloth. Rinse well with clean water. Dry thoroughly with a moist cellulose sponge to prevent water spots. Do not scrub or use brushes on these windows. Also, do not use butyl cellosolve in direct sunlight.

Fresh paint splashes and grease can be removed easily before drying by rubbing lightly with a good grade of VM&P naphtha or isopropyl alcohol. Afterward, a warm final wash should be made, using a mild dish washing liquid detergent solution and ending with a thorough rinsing with clean water.

## **Minimizing Hairline Scratches**

Scratches and minor abrasions can be minimized by using a mild automobile polish. Three such products that tend to polish and fill scratches are Johnson paste Wax, Novus Plastic Polish #1 and #2, and Mirror Glaze plastic polish (M.G. M10). It is suggested that a test be made on a corner of the polycarbonate window with the product selected following the polish manufacturer's instructions.

## Some Important "DON'TS"

- ◆ **DO NOT** use abrasive or highly alkaline cleaners on the polycarbonate windows.
- ♦ Never scrape polycarbonate windows with squeegees, razor blades or other sharp instruments.
- ◆ Benzene, gasoline, acetone or carbon tetrachloride should NEVER be used on polycarbonate windows.
- DO NOT clean polycarbonate windows in hot sun or at elevated temperatures.

## **Graffiti Removal**

- Butyl cellosolve, (for removal of paints, marking pen inks, lipstick, etc.)
- The use of masking tape, adhesive tape or lint removal tools works well for lifting off old weathered paints.
- To remove labels, stickers, etc., the use of kerosene, VM&P naphtha or petroleum spirits is generally effective. When the solvent will not penetrate sticker material, apply heat (hair dryer) to soften the adhesive and promote removal.

## **GASOLINE SHOULD NOT BE USED!**

# **MAINTENANCE** (Continued)

# **DIGITAL GAGE**

# **Important**

- Do not mark the scale unit with and electric engraver or scratch the scale.
- Always use an SR44 battery (silver oxide cell)
- If the scale will not be used for more than three months, remove the battery and store it properly. Otherwise, leakage, if any, from the battery may damage the unit.

# **Description of Parts**

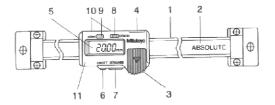
1. Beam

- 2. Main Scale
- 3. Battery compartment
- 4. Output Connection

5. Display

- 6. ON/OFF Power
- 7. ZERO/ABS switch
- 8. Origin Switch
- 9. Inch/mm Switch
- 10. Tapped hole

11. Slider



# **Battery Installation and Origin Setting**

Set the origin of the scale after installing the battery. Otherwise, the error sign("E" at the least significant digit) may appear, resulting in incorrect measurements.

- To install the battery, remove the compartment lid and install the SR44 battery with its positive side facing up. After the battery is installed, set the origin.
- 2) To set the origin, move the slider to an area you wish to set as your origin. Turn the power on. Hold the ORIGIN switch down for more than one second. The "0.00" display appears, indication Origin setting is complete. The origin will be retained even if the power is turned off.

# Incremental (INC) & Absolute (ABS) mode

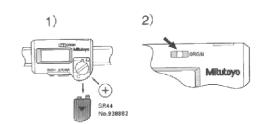
The LCD will dispay measurements from the origin when turned on (ABS mode). To set the origin see above. The display can be set to zero at any desired position by pressing the ZERO/ABS switch. INC indicator will apper in the display (INC mode), permitting measurements from this zero point. To return to the ABS mode hold the ZERO/ABS button form more than 2 seconds.

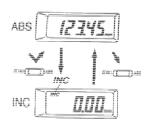
# **Error Symptoms & Remedies**

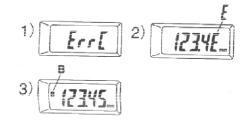
- ERRC and display flickering: Occurs when the scale surface is stained. Clean the scale surface and coat a thin film of low viscosity oil to keep out moisture.
- E in the least significant digit: This occurs when the slider is moved too quickly, but it does not affect the measurement. If it stays on when the slider stops, the scale surface is probably stained. If this is the case, take remedies as for ErrC.
- **B indication**: Battery voltage is low. Replace the battery as soon as possible.

# Cleaning

Clean gage with CRC 3-36 Cleaning and Lubrication Oil. Wipe off excess after cleaning. If CRC 3-36 is not available, use Denatured Alcohol to clean, then apply light oil and wipe off excess.







## CARRIAGE LINEAR BEARING REPLACEMENT

**STEP 1**--Detach the bellows mounting brackets from the carriage. Detach front and rear shields. See FIG. 15.

<u>STEP 2</u>--Remove the three screws of one linear bearing and slide the linear bearing off the end of the carriage shaft. <u>STEP 3</u>--Insert a new linear bearing onto the end of the

carriage shaft with the tension adjustment screw pointing outward. See FIG. 14. Adjust the tension screw of the linear bearing so when you radially rotate the linear bearing around the carriage shaft there should be no free play between the linear bearing and the carriage shaft.

**NOTE: Tension** is too tight if you feel a cogging action when you rotate the linear bearing around the shaft. This cogging is from the skidding of the bearing on the shaft and indicates tension screw is too tight.

Finally, sliding the bearing block back and forth should be a smooth uniform motion.



SETTING THE BEARING TENSION CORRECTLY IS CRITICAL TO PROPER GRINDING. BEARINGS WHICH ARE TOO TIGHT OR TOO LOOSE WILL CAUSE POOR GRIND QUALITY. ALSO, BEARINGS WHICH ARE TOO TIGHT WILL HAVE SUBSTANTIALLY SHORTER LIVES AND MAY DAMAGE THE SHAFT.

**STEP 4**--Slide linear bearing under carriage and attach with the three screws.

NOTE: Repeat Steps 2 thru 4 with the other three linear bearings.

STEP 5--After all four linear bearings are reattached to the carriage check for correct bearing tension. The bearing tension is correct when you try to lift the carriage and can feel no carriage movement, which is free play up and down. The most dependable method of checking free play is to use a magnetic base dial indicator attached to the traverse frame weldment and reading the vertical movement above each bearing. This movement should be within .001" (.03 mm) Also, when pulling the carriage in the traversing direction, there should be only approximately a 3 lb force, with the belt disengaged. To check this attach a spring scale to the carriage and pull parallel to the carriage shafts. To double check the assembly, slide the carriage assembly from "end of travel" to "end of travel", it should have very uniform resistance through the full range of travel.

**STEP 6**--Replace the bellows carriage mounting brackets onto the carriage. Replace front and rear shields. See FIG. 15.

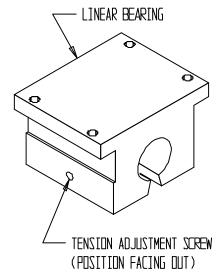
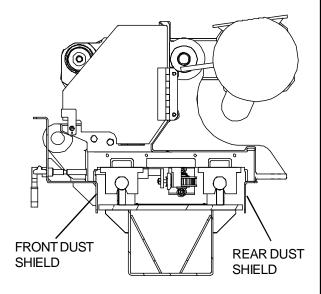


FIG. 14



**FIG. 15** 

# REEL FINGER DOVETAIL GIB AND ADJUSTING KNOB ADJUSTMENTS

The reel finger slide to the reel finger positioner has a dovetail with an adjustable gib for tensioning. Tighten the gib set screws on the side so there is no free play in the dovetail slide. Check for movement when pushing on the relief finger side to side with 20 lbs. (44kg)

force. Make sure the knob assembly for adjusting the relief finger to the grinding wheel is rotatable by hand. The gib adjustment should be sufficient to maintain a rigid position of the reel finger. See FIG. 16.

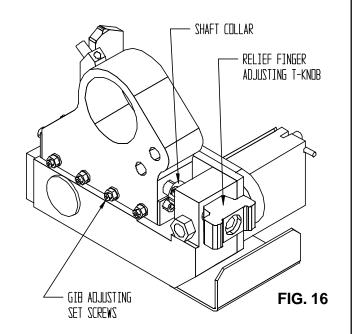
Check the knob assembly rotating tension by checking the tightness of the nylon plug to the knob assembly threads. The tightness has to be sufficient so the knob assembly does not rotate during the relief grinding cycle. See FIG. 17.

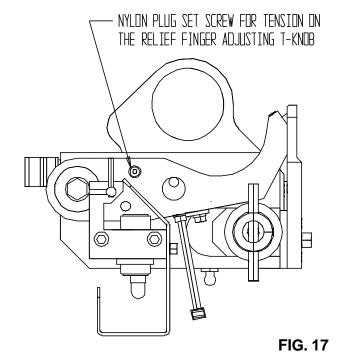
NOTE: To adjust the nylon plug you must lock the index finger assembly down and then adjust the reel finger positioner so the clearance holes line up with the nylon plug set screw.

Take up any free play between the tee knob assembly, reel finger slide and .375 threaded split shaft collar. Loosen the shaft collar locking cap screw and rotate the shaft collar until there is no end play. Retighten locking cap screw on the threaded split shaft collar. See FIG. 16.

# GRINDING HEAD BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT

The left side grip grinding wheel knob must be removed for belt tensioning adjustment. Remove the six screws holding, the two double tube clamps and the belt cover. For grinding motor belt adjustment, loosen the four socket head cap screws that attach the motor. Adjust the grinding motor for proper belt tension by pushing back on the motor and tighten the four socket head cap screws. The proper belt tension for the grinding head is to push down on the poly V belt half way between the two pulleys with 5 lbs. (2KG) of force and belt movement dimensions to be .12 inches (3mm). See FIG. 18. To verify belt tension mount the belt guard with two screws. Turn the motor on. If the belt is tensioned correctly, start-up torque of the motor through the pulley to the belt should have zero slippage. If there is belt slippage when turning on the motor there will be a slight squeal before the belt comes up to speed. When you achieve correct tension, reassemble all of the remaining parts that have been removed.





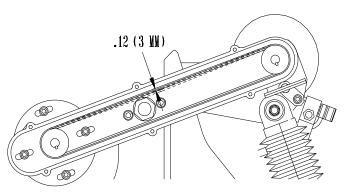


FIG. 18

# LOCKING INDEX FINGER PIN

To align the Index Finger Locking Pin to the hole in the Index Finger Assembly loosen the two socket head cap screws so the index sensor block is movable. Push down on the index finger assembly until the spring loaded index finger locks into hole with no binding. Tighten the two socket head cap screws so the index sensor block is secured, and the locking pin moves freely. See FIG. 19.

#### INDEX FINGER PROXIMITY SETTING

Set all motor switches to the off position.

Press the machine system start switch, so the grinder is operational. Rotate the Traverse Speed dial to 0 and turn on the Traverse motor switch.

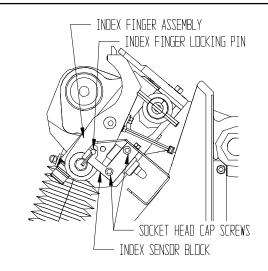
Push down on the index finger until the stop pin is within .06 inches (1.5 mm) of bottoming out. (You can use a 1/16" gage pin or rod stock between the stop pin and index finger). Set the proximity switch to activate the light at this setting. This assures the index finger to be close to its final stop position so the reel is completely indexed before the carriage starts to traverse. See FIG. 19.

The spring load force pushing up on the index finger brings it away from the proximity when released.

## PROXIMITY SWITCH

For the proximity switch to perform properly and reverse the direction of the carriage at each end of the rails, a distance of 3/16" (4 mm) to 1/4" (6 mm) needs to be maintained between the carriage proximity flag bracket and the proximity switch. See FIG. 20.

**NOTE:** Light on proximity activates when metal crosses in front of switch sensor.



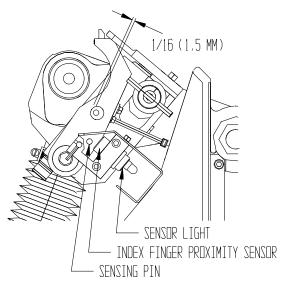
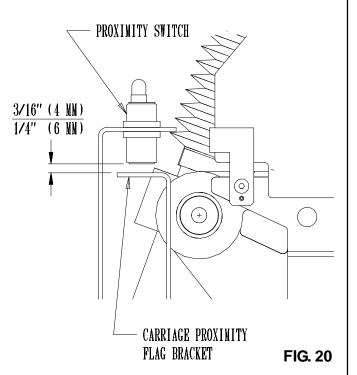


FIG. 19



# ADJUSTABLE RELIEF TENSION

If the relief angle appears to vary during relief grinding, adjust the tension on the nylon plug and set screw. See FIG. 21.

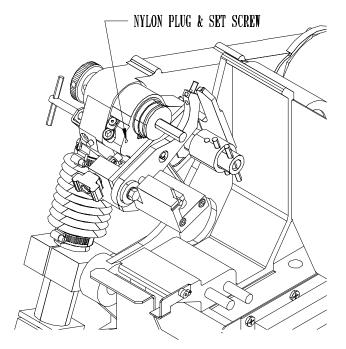


FIG. 21

# SAFETY SWITCH ALIGNMENT

For the safety switches to work properly they must be adjusted so the sender and receiver are parallel to each other with a maximum gap of .19 inches (5mm). (Adjust by moving the doors or brackers. If this does not help, a special wrench is needed to adjust the safety screws used to hold the switch in place.) See FIG. 22.

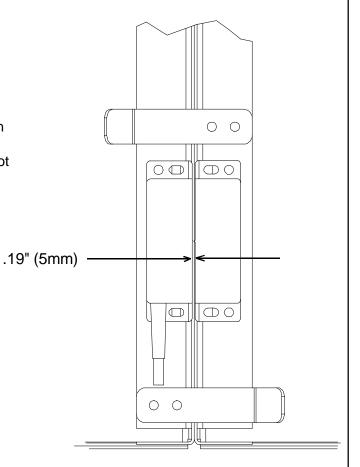
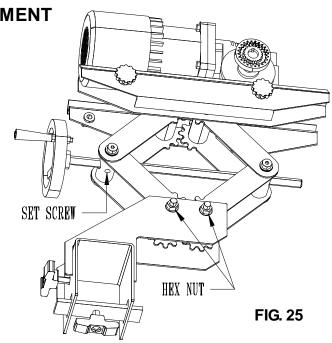


FIG. 22

SPIN GRINDING ATTACHMENT ADJUSTMENT

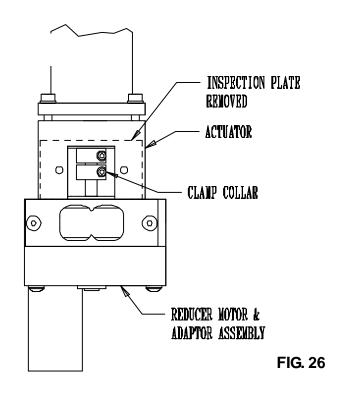
If play develops so crank handle wants to rotate in the scissor action on the spin grinding attachment, the play can be eliminated by tightening the set screw identified in FIG. 25.

If there is too much play in the spin drive pivot points, torque down the hex nut tight so conical washer is completely compressed, then back off 1/2 turn. See FIG. 25.



# REDUCER MOTOR ADAPTER TO ACTUATOR DRIVE SCREW CLAMPING COLLAR POSITIONING

The lower clamp collar, next to the reducer motor adapter, is to be positioned flush to the end of the actuator screw shaft and tighten down with 6 ft. lbs (0.8 kg) of torque. See FIG. 26. The top clamp collar is factory adjusted and does not need any further adjustment. There is to be no slippage between the reducer motor adapter shaft and actuator screw when pushing down on grinding head and stalling the reducer motor.



#### ADJUSTING CROSS SLIDE ASSEMBLY

If the cross slide becomes very difficult to turn it may become necessary to adjust the assembly. To relieve the tension on the assembly follow the procedure listed below:

<u>STEP 1</u>--Using a hydraulic jack, raise the traversing carriage base just enough to alleviate the weight stress on the Cross Slide Assembly.

<u>STEP 2</u>--Knock the pins on either side of the Mounting Frame Adjuster and loosen the 4 bolts (B504801) that connect the Carriage Mounting Frame to the frame of the grinder.

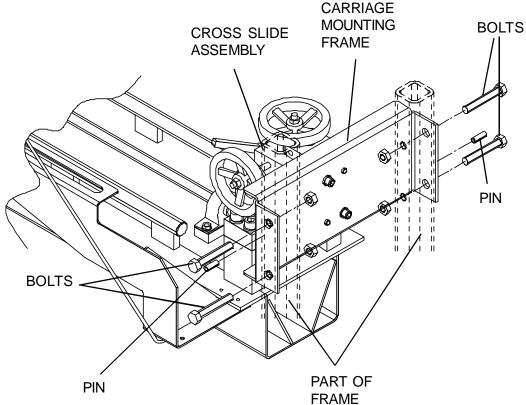
**STEP 3**--Jack the traversing carriage base up to put a preload on the Cross Slide Assembly.

**STEP 4**--Tighten the 4 bolts on the Carriage Mounting Frame to 75 ft-lbs.

<u>STEP 5</u>--Release the jack pressure and test the vertical and horizontal handwheels for ease of movement through their full range of motion.

<u>STEP 6</u>--If the Cross Slides tend to bind, repeat above steps jacking higher or lower (STEP 1) until the handwheels move freely.

<u>STEP 7</u>--When the Cross Slides move freely through their full range of motion, drill new holes and repin assembly.



## CROSS SLIDE SHAFT REPLACEMENT

If the cross slide shafts become scarred or gnarled, replace them by the following procedure:

STEP 1--Use a hydraulic jack to raise the weight off the Cross Slide Assembly.

STEP 2--Loosen the two nuts on the support casting that hold the locking studs and tap with plastic hammer to loosen.

STEP 3--Loosen the locking handles and tap the center stud with a plastic hammer.

STEP 4--Loosen locknut and setscrew and remove the handwheel.

STEP 5--Remove the Slide Shaft.

**STEP 6--**Remove all burrs and resurface the shaft to a clean, smooth, polished surface.

(OR REPLACE WITH A NEW SHAFT.)

STEP 7--Coat shaft with Never-Cease and re-install the shaft through the Support, Cross Slide Block and the three locking studs. The shaft must move freely inside the Cross Slide Block before reassembling.

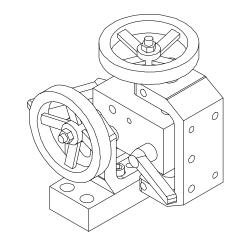
STEP 8--Retightening the nuts at the end of the locking studs to lock shaft in place.

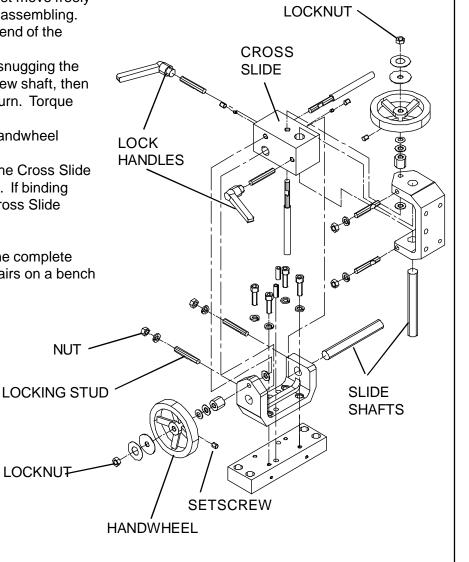
**STEP 9**--Reinstall the Handwheel by snugging the setscrew to the flat located on the screw shaft, then torque nut until tight and back off 1/2 turn. Torque the setscrew to 70 in-lbs.

STEP 10--Test the Cross Slide, the handwheel should turn freely.

STEP 11 -- Lower the jack and retest the Cross Slide Assembly through full range of motion. If binding occurs, follow the procedure under Cross Slide Assembly located on page 21.

NOTE: It is also possible to remove the complete Cross Slide Assembly and do the repairs on a bench then reinstall.





NUT

**LOCKNU** 

## TRAVERSE BELT TENSION

To adjust the tension on the traverse belt tighten the screws and nuts located at the left side of the traverse belt. Tighten nuts until the comprension springs measure 3/4". See FIG. 29. If the springs are not tensioned equally, uneven loading on the traverse system may cause parts to fail.



DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN. OVERTIGHTENING COULD DAMAGE THE BELT OR TRAVERSE DRIVE SYSTEM.

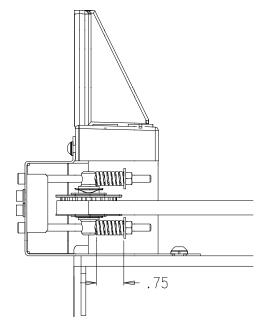
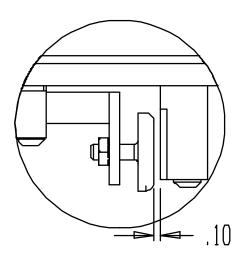


FIG. 29

# TRAVERSE CLAMP FORCE

If the traverse clamp is slipping during regular operation it may be necessary to tighten the clamp. To tighten, loosen the jam nut on the clamp tip. Screw the tip out so there is .10" gap between the tip and the Clamp Support Block. See FIG 30. Lock in place by tightening the jam nut against the clamp being careful not to move the tip. Verify the distance between the clamp tip and block is still .10". The .10" setting allows slippage in a jam situation and damage can occur if this adjustment is set to narrow.







CAUTION SHOULD BE USED AS ADJUSTING THE TIP WILL AFFECT THE SLIP LOAD AND COULD DAMAGE THE CLAMP TIP, BELT OR TRAVERSE DRIVE SYSTEM.

# CONTROL BOARD POTENTIOMETER ADJUSTMENTS

## SPIN DRIVE CONTROL BOARD (SDC)

The Spin Drive Control Board has four potentiometers, two switches and one dial as shown on FIG. 31. These potentiometers, swtiches and dial have been set at the factory to the positions shown on FIG. 31.

## In the Relief Grinding Mode--

The Torque Shut Off mode selector allows you to turn on or off the Torque Shut Off feature. When switch 1 is set to ON, the board will decrease the spin motor torque once the shut time is achieved after leaving the right proximity sensor. The amount of time it takes before the torque is decreased is set with the Torque Shut Off Delay dial. The spin motor toque will be increased to the higher value once the right proximity switch is activated again. If the Torque Shut Off selector is in the OFF position the torque will remain constant during relief grinding.

Torque Shut Off Delay dail is used to set the duration of time before the torque is decreased after leaving the right proximity sensor during relief grinding. If the dial is turned clockwise (higher number) the higher torque value will stay on for a longer period of time.

The Relief Speed (RSP) and the Relief Torque Pot (RTP) interact with each other. The (RSP) is located on the spin board as a remote speed preset at 12:00 (20 Volts DC). See FIG. 31. The (RTP) is located on the control panel and is for relief torque adjustment.

Relief Speed Pot (RSP) when rotated clockwise will increase spin drive speed (the speed at which the reel indexes to the next blade). This speed should never be above the 3:00 setting.

Relief Torque Pot (RTP) is used to vary the reel to finger holding torque for relief grinding. The recommended starting point is 30 in/lbs of torque setting. Never adjust the (RTP) potentiometer dial past the red line marking. Setting the reel to finger torque to high could cause the spin motor system to not operate smoothly.

Relief Idle Torque Pot (ITP) is used to vary the reel to finger holding torque once the shut time is achieved after leaving the right proximity sensor if the Torque Shut Off Selector is set to on.

## In the Spin Grinding Mode--

The Spin Torque Potentiometer (STP) and the Spin Speed Pot (SSP) interact with each other. The (STP) is located on the spin board as remote torque preset at 2:00 for torque setting. See FIG. 31. The (SSP) is located on the control panel and is for spin speed adjustment.

Spin Torque Pot (STP) controls maximum torque allowable in the spin grinding cycle only. This should never be adjusted past the 3:00 position. If the reel does not turn check that the reel is free turning by hand spinning with the power off and the spin drive disconected.

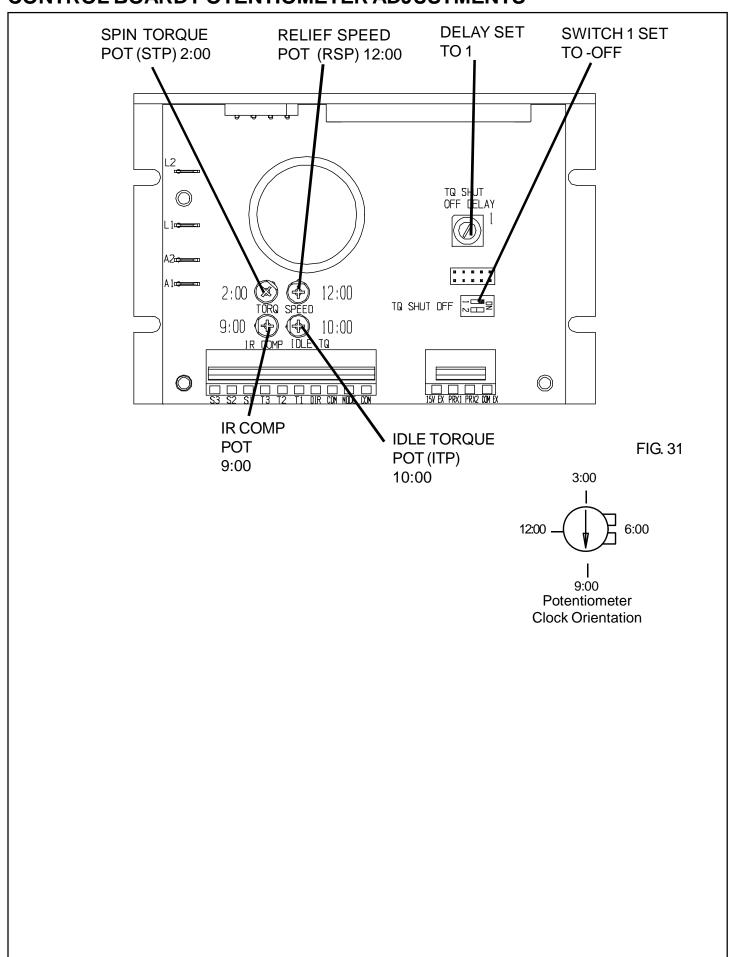
The Spin speed Pot (SSP) controls reel spin speed, adjust as required. This controls the spin drive speed for spinning the reel.

#### IR COMP Pot--

The IR Compensation is factory set at 9:00.

Regulation of the spin or relief grind spin motor may be improved by a slight adjustment of the IR COMP pot clockwise from its factory-set position. Overcompensation causes the motor to oscillate or to increase speed when fully loaded. If you reach such a point, turn the IR COMP pot counterclockwise until symptoms just disappear.

# **CONTROL BOARD POTENTIOMETER ADJUSTMENTS**



# CONTROL BOARD POTENTIOMETER ADJUSTMENTS

## POTENTIOMETER ADJUSTMENTS TRAVERSE DRIVE CONTROL (TDC)

Min. Speed--Factory set at full (CCW) 8:30. Do not change this setting.

(Right Traverse) Forward Torque--Factory set at full (CW) 4:30. <u>Do not change this setting.</u> (Left Traverse) Reverse Torque--Factory set at full (CW) 4:30. <u>Do not change this setting.</u>

IR COMP--Factory set to 9:00. IR COMP is current (I) resistance (R) compensation (COMP).

IR COMP adjusts the output voltage of the drive which balances load to motor RPM. Regulation of a traverse motor may be improved by slight adjustment of the IR COMP trim pot clockwise from its factory-set position. Overcompensation causes the motor to oscillate or to increase speed when fully loaded. If you reach such a point, turn the IR COMP trim pot counterclockwise until the symptoms disappear.

Max. Speed--Set at 3:30 for maximum voltage of 90 Volts DC to the traverse motor. When voltage is above 90 volts DC, the traverse motor will start to pulsate and not run smoothly.

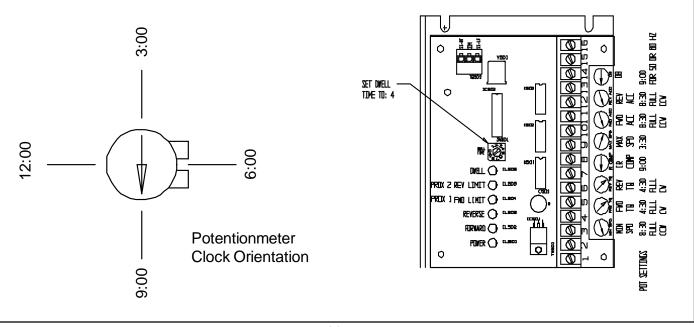
(Right Traverse) Forward Acceleration--Factory set at full (CCW) 8:30. <u>Do not change this setting.</u> (Left Traverse) Reverse Acceleration--Factory set at full (CCW) 8:30. <u>Do not change this setting.</u>

(DB) Dead Band is the potentiometer setting for the 50 or 60 Hz cycle control. Factory set to 9:00, works for both 50 and 60 Hz. <u>Do not change this setting.</u>

Calibrating the **DWELL TIME** rotary DIP switch adjusts the amount of time the process remains in the stop position after a limit switch is actuated. The **DWELL TIME** range is adjustable from 0 - 4 seconds. A DIP switch setting of 0 sets the **DWELL TIME** to 0 seconds, while a setting of 8 sets the **DWELL TIME** to 4 seconds. Dwell time is factory preset to #4 setting for a 2 second dwell time when reversing at each end of stroke.

Diagnostic LED's indicate the function that is currently being performed:

- \* POWER indicates that ac power is being applied to the control.
- \* FORWARD indicates that the process is running in the forward direction (traversing left).
- \* REVERSE indicates that the process is running in the reverse direction (traversing right).
- PROX 1 FWD LIMIT lights when the forward limit switch is actuated (left prox).
- \* PROX 2 REV LIMIT lights when the reverse limit switch is actuated (right prox).
- DWELL lights when the process remains stopped after a proximity switch is actuated.



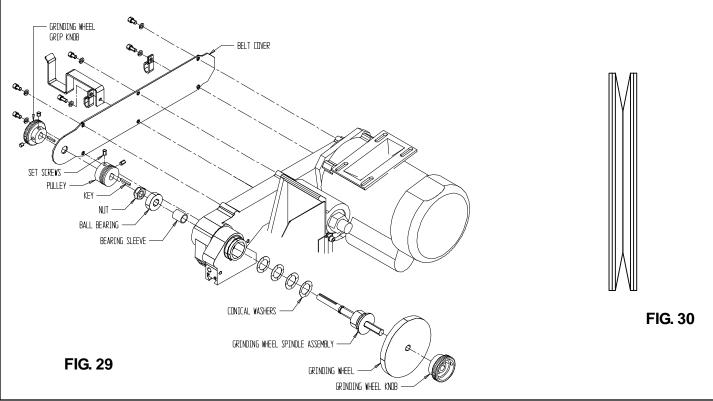
# **MACHINE SERVICE (Continued)**

#### **REPLACEMENT OF GRINDING HEAD SHAFT & BEARINGS**

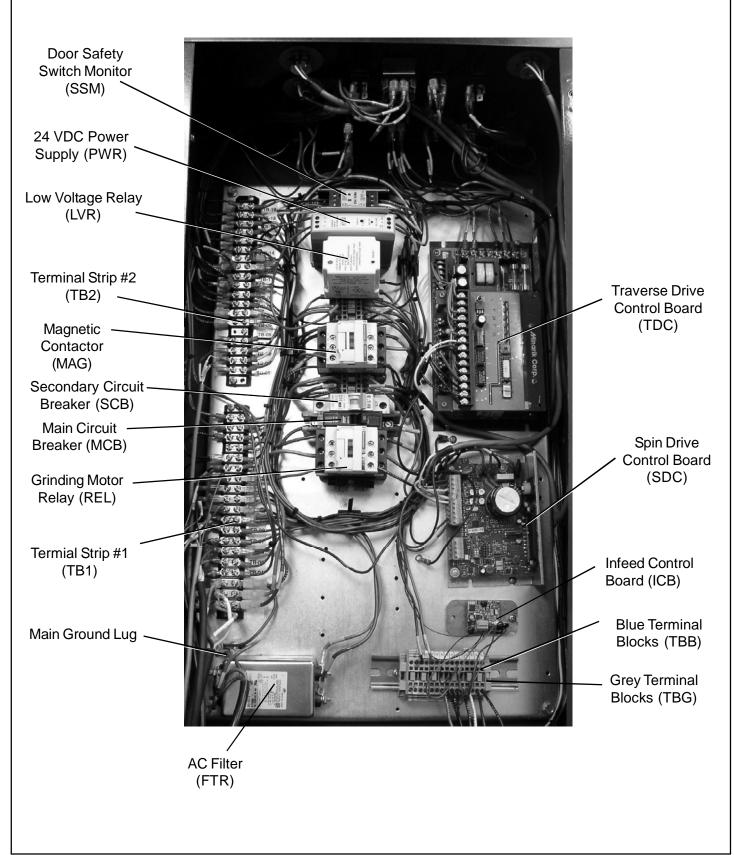
Remove grinding wheel and grinding wheel knob. The Grinding Head Spindle Assembly consists of the grinding head spindle and a ball bearing press fit together. The left side ball bearing is slip fit on the opposite end. To replace the spindle assembly remove the left side grinding wheel grip knob, square key and belt cover. See FIG. 29. Loosen the 4 socket head cap screws on the motor plate to remove the poly-V belt. Loosen the 2 set screws on the spindle pulley and remove the pulley, square key and pulley spacer. Push on the right hand side of the spindle assembly to compress conical washers so there is no pressure on the shaft retaining ring. Using a retaining ring pliers remove the small external retaining ring from the spindle assembly. You can now remove the spindle assembly out the right side by lightly tapping on the left end with a rubber mallet. The second ball bearing can be removed from the belt side of the Grinding Head Housing.

To reassemble place the 4 conical washers (2 Pair nested and then place the 2 pairs back to back) against the ball bearing on the new spindle assembly. See FIG. 30. Thoroughly clean the housing bore and the outside diameter of both bearings. **APPLY BLUE LOCTITE #243 TO THE OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF THE TWO BEAR-INGS.** Slide the spindle assembly into the right side of the Grinding Head Housing. Install the bearing sleeve against the bearing on the spindle assembly. Slip fit the new left side ball bearing onto the spindle assembly and into grinding head housing. **APPLY BLUE LOCTITE #243 TO THE INSIDE THREAD OF THE 9/16-18 NUT** and install onto the spindle shaft with the grooved side toward the bearing. onto the spindle shaft and using a spanner wrench on the right side of the spindle and a 7/8 deepwell socket on the left side, torque the locknut to 15 Ft. Lbs.

APPLY BLUE LOCTITE #243 TO THE BORE OF THE PULLEY BEFORE INSTALLATION. Replace the square key and install the new pulley pushing the counterbore side of the pulley against the spindle nut with no end play. NEXT INSTALL BLUE LOCTITE #243 ON THE PULLEY SETSCREWS AND TIGHTEN THE TWO PULLEY SET SCREWS. Then install the new external retaining ring on the spindle shaft. Mount the new poly-V belt. (See Grinding Head Belt Tension and Alignment Adjustments in the adjusting section of the manual). Install the new belt cover gasket on the belt cover and install the belt cover and square key. Mount the left side grinding wheel grip knob with a slight gap to the cover and tighten the two set screws.



# **632 MANUAL CONTROL PANEL**



## ELECTRICAL TROUBLESHOOTING

## SKILL AND TRAINING REQUIRED FOR ELECTRICAL SERVICING

This Electrical Troubleshooting section is designed for technicians who have the necessary electrical knowledge and skills to reliably test and repair the *ACCU*-Pro electrical system. For those without that background, service can be arranged through your local distributor.

This manual presumes that you are already familiar with the normal operation of the Grinder. If not, you should read the Operators Manual, or do the servicing in conjunction with someone who is familiar with its operation.

Persons without the necessary knowledge and skills should not remove the control box cover or attempt any internal troubleshooting, adjustments, or parts replacement.

If you have any question not answered in this manual, please call your distributor. They will contact the manufacturer if necessary.

## **WIRE LABELS**

AC Main Power Controls

All wires on the ACCU-Pro have a wire label at each end for troubleshooting. The wire label has a code which tells you wiring information. The wire label has a seven or more position code. The first two or three digits are the wire number: 01-999. The next three numbers or letters are the code for the component to which the wire attaches. Example: GMC for Grind Motor Control. The last two numbers or letters are the number of the terminal on the component to which the wire attaches.

## **ELECTRICAL TROUBLESHOOTING INDEX**

Grinding Motor Controls	
Spin Drive Controls in Spin Mode	Page 34-35
	· ·
Traverse Drive Controls-w/prox	Page 39-41
Traversestopping and reversing	Page 41-43
Infeed Controls	Page 44-45

Page 30-32

PROBLEM--AC Main Power Controls: no electrical power to control panel.

Verify all wires shown on the wiring diagram on pages 80-81 are correct and pull on wire terminals with approximately 3 lbs force to verify there are no loose terminal connections and/or no loose crimps between wire and terminal. If problem persists, test as listed below.

Possible Cause Emergency Stop Botton(ESS) is Depressed	Checkout Procedure A. Pull Up on ESS Button	Machine works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>B.</b> next
You must push the System Start Switch (SSS) to get power to control Panel	<b>B.</b> Listen for the Magnetic Starter (MAG) contacts to pull in with a clunk	Machine works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to step <b>C.</b> next.
Main Power Cord is not plugged in	<b>C.</b> Plug in main power cord Then Press SSS.	Machine works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to step <b>D.</b> next.
Guard doors must be closed and ALL Switches <b>MUST</b> be turned <b>OFF</b> for contactor to pull in.	<b>D.</b> Close guard doors and turn off all switches. Then press SSS.	Machine works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to step <b>E.</b> next.
Main 20 amp outlet circuit breaker has tripped	E. Check circuit breaker in your building and reset if necessary. (Check wall outlet with a light to make sure it works) Follow steps A-D and test.	Machine works Yesend troubleshooting Nobut light works in outletgo to Step F. next. Nobut light does not work in outlet. You must solve your power delivery problem independent of machine.
No 120 Volts AC power to Filter (FTR)	<b>F.</b> Check for 120VAC at Cord into FTR (Power Cord #32)	FTR "Line" Terminals for 120 Volts AC YesGo to Step <b>G</b> . next. NoReplace Power Cord- 6059054
No 120 Volts AC power out of Filter	G. Check for 120V out of FTR  Note: The nuetral Blue wire connection "02FTRBU" will be used in other voltage checks	Check for 120 VAC at FTR "Load" Terminals (between wires labeled "02FTRBU" to "01FTRBR") YesGo to Step H. next. NoReplace Filter
No 120 Volts AC power to Main Circuit Breaker (MCB) 20 Amp.	H. Check for 120V in to MCB	Check for 120 VAC from MCB (01MCB) to blue wire "02FTRBU" YesGo to Step I. next. NoCheck wire #01 replace if needed.
No 120 Volts AC power from Main Circuit Breaker (MCB) 20 Amp.	I. Check for 120V from MCB	Check for 120 VAC from MCB (03MCB) to blue wire "02FTRBU" YesGo to Step J. next.  NoFlip Switch on MCB to "ON" - Machine works end trouble shooting Machine does not work Recheck

voltage and replace MCB if no voltage.

(			
Possible Causes No 120 Volts AC power to Secondary Circuit Breaker (SCB) 6 Amp.	Checkout Procedure  J. Check for 120VAC in to SCB	Check for 120 VAC from SCB (03SCB) to blue wire "02FTRBU" out of FTR YesGo to Step <b>K.</b> next.  NoCheck wire #03 from MCB to SCB replace if needed.	
No 120 Volts AC power from Secondary Circuit Breaker (SCB) 6 Amp.	<b>K.</b> Check for 120VAC from SCB	Check for 120 VAC from SCB (67SCB) to blue wire "02FTRBU" out of FTR Yes Go to Step L. next. NoFlip Switch on SCB to "ON"-Machine worksend of troubleshooting. Machine does not workreplace SCB	
120 Volts AC power not delivered to Terminal Strip	L. Check for 120 VAC at terminal strip.	Check for 120 VAC from Terminal "11" on Terminal Strip 2 "07TB2-11" to blue wire "02FTRBU" out of FTR YesGo to Step <b>M</b> . next.  NoCheck wires #7 "07TBBG-2" and wire #67 "67TBG-3", Check Jumper on Grey Terminal Blocks 1-3.	
Grinding Motor Switch (GMS) not working	M. Verify that GMS is off and Check for 120 Volts AC out of GMS at Terminals 1	Measure 120 volts AC from GMS Terminal 1 "90GMS-1" to blue wire "02FTRBU" out of FTR YesGo to Step <b>N</b> . next. NoFlip Switch and check again- WorksSwitch is upside down. Does not work Check wire to GMS/ Replace GMS	
Spin Motor Switch (SMS) not working	N. Verify that SMS is off and Check for 120 VAC out of SMS Terminals 1	Measure 120 volts AC from SMS Terminal 1 "91SMS-1" to blue wire "02FTRBU" out of FTR YesGo to Step <b>O</b> . next.  NoFlip Switch and check again- WorksSwitch is upside down. Does not work Check Wire #90/ replace Switch	
Bad Emergency Stop Switch (ESS)	O. Check voltage after the (ESS) MAKE SURE SWITCH IS PULLED UP!	Measure 120 Volts AC from (ESS) term 2 "77ESS-2" to blue wire "02FTRBU" out of FTR YesGo to Step <b>P.</b> next NoCheck wire #80 for continuity, then verify switch continuity. If bad replace ESS contactor (NC)	
Bad System Start Switch (SSS)	P. Hold in SSS and Check voltage out of the (SSS)	Measure 120 Volts AC out of (SSS) at Terminal "13" on Terminal Strip 2 "76TB2-13" to blue wire "02FTRBU" out of FTR (hold in SSS when checking) YesGo to Step <b>Q.</b> next NoVerify switch continuity. If bad replace SSS contactor (NO), if not switch check wires #76, #140 & #77	
Low Voltage Relay (REL) not operating	Q. Hold in SSS and Check voltage at LVR. LVR must be installed in 8-pin socket. Note: light on top of LVR should be on and steady RED. if not Press the Reset button.	Measure 120 Volts AC from LVR terminal 8 to blue wire "02FTRBU" out of FTR YesGo to Step <b>R.</b> next NoCheck for 120 Volts AC from LVR term 6 to term 7. Yes Replace LVR if bad. NoCheck wires to LVR	
Bad Main Contactor (MAG)	P. Hold in SSS and Check voltage at MAG A1 & A2.	Measure 120 Volts AC from MAG Term A1 to Term A2 YesMAG Should pull in with clunck, if not replace MAG. NoVerify Continuity of Wires.	

**PROBLEM--**Machine Shuts off when you turn on Grind motor switch or Spin Motor Switch.

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
Guard Doors are Open	<b>A.</b> Close the front doors and rear slide up door or workstation ramp depending on option installed.	Machine works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>B.</b> next
Door Safety Switches are not working properly	<b>B.</b> Check Alignment of Door Safety Switches on Front doors and rear slide up door.	See Alignment section of this Manual. Machine works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>C.</b> next
No 24 Volts DC to Safety Monitor (SSM)	C. Check SSM for 24 Volts DC. (Turn switches off and press start switch to pull in MAG before testing voltages)	Measure 24 volts DC from SSM Terminal A1+ to Terminal A2- YesGo to Step <b>E</b> . NoGo to Step <b>D</b> . next.
No Power into 24 Volt DC Power Supply (PWR)	<b>D.</b> Check PWR for 120 Volts AC. (Turn switches off and press start switch to pull in MAG before testing voltages)	Measure 120 volts AC from PWR Terminal L to Terminal N YesVerify 24 VDC out of PWR (V+ to V-). Replace if no Voltage out; or Check Wiring & Verify Continuity to SSM if there is 24 VDC. NoVerify Wiring and Continuity from PWR to terminal blocks.
No Power Out to Door Switches	<b>E.</b> Verify 24Volts DC out to Door Switches.	Measure approximately 24 volts DC from Terminal Strip 1 Terminal 17 to Terminal Strip 2 Terminal 3 YesGo to Step <b>F</b> . next. NoVerify Continuity of Wires to Terminal strip, Replace SSM if wires check OK.
Rear Safety Switch on the slide up door or workstation ramp depending on option installed is Bad.	<b>F.</b> With Rear slide up door closed Verify 24Volts DC back form rear Safety Switches.	Measure approximately 24 volts DC from Terminal Strip 2 Terminal 3 to Terminal Strip 1 Terminals 14 and 15. YesGo to Step <b>G</b> . next. NoCheck Alingment of Rear switches. If no Voltage to Term14 or 15 then replace rear switch.
Front Door Switch is Bad	<b>G.</b> With Front doors Cloded Verify 24Volts DC back form Front Door Switch.	Measure approximately 24 volts DC from Terminal Strip 1 Terminal 17 to Terminal Strip 2 Terminals 2 and 4. YesReplace SSM NoCheck Alingment of Front door switch. If no Voltage to Terminal 2 or 4 then replace front switch.

# **PROBLEM--(MAG)** turns on only with System Start Switch held in.

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
(MAG) holding contact has failed	<b>A.</b> Check wiring to and from MAG holding contact in. Verify the magnetic starter holding contact is working.	Measure 120 Volts AC at MAG term L3 to Term Block 4(Blue) after SSS is pushed. YesVerify Wiring to LVR NoCheck voltage at T3. If 120 Volts AC Replace MAG. If no 120 Volts AC verify wiring to T3.

PROBLEM Grinding motor not working.			
Assuming (SSS) System Start Switch is on with 120 volts AC to control panel and all other functions are working.			
nals with approximately 3lbs force to verify there are no loose terminal connections and/or no loose crimps between wire and terminal. If loose terminals are found, retighten and retest system. If problem persists, test as listed below.			
Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure		
Grinding Motor Switch (GMS) is not on	A. Turn switch on	Grinding Motor works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>B.</b> next	
Guard doors are not closed	<b>B.</b> Close front and rear guard doors (and rear ramp - lift option)	Grinding Motor works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>C.</b> next	
15 Amp Circuit Breaker (CB) is tripped	<b>C.</b> Check 15 amp CB on the side of the grinder above the control cover. Press in if tripped.	Grinding Motor works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>D.</b> next	
GMS not working	<b>D.</b> Check for power to GMS	Terminal strip 2 terminal #15 to terminal block 4(Blue) for 120VAC Yesgo to Step E. next No check continuity of wires to GMS.	
	E. Check for power from GMS	Terminal strip 2 terminal #14 to terminal block 4(Blue) for 120VAC YesGo to Step <b>F.</b> next Noreplace GMS	
Grinding Motor Relay not working	<b>F.</b> Check for power to relay Coil (Relay should click when GMS is turned on.)	Check for 120 Volts (AC) from A1 to A2 of Grinding motor Relay. YesGo to Step <b>G.</b> next No check wires to Grinding motor Relay A1 & A2.	
No Power to Relay Contacts	G. Verify Power to Relay Contacts	(REL) Term L1 to Term L2 for 120 Volts (AC) YesGo to Step <b>H.</b> next NoCheck wires to REL Term L1 & L2	
Bad Contacts in Grinding motor Relay	<b>H.</b> Verify power out of Grinding Motor Relay.	(REL) Term T1 to Term T2 for 120 Volts (AC) YesGo to Step I. next NoReplace Gringing Motor Relay	
Bad Circuit Breaker/ Bad Grinding Motor	I. Verify Power to Grinding motor Cord.	Verify wiring at terminals 1, 2 & 3 on Terminal Strip 1. Check TB1-1 to TB1-2 for 120 Volts (AC). Yes Check motor cord terminals. Replace motor. No Check continuity of circuit breaker. Replace.	

## PROBLEM--SPIN DRIVE NOT WORKING IN SPIN MODE.

Assuming (SSS) System Start Switch is on with 120 volts AC to control panel and all other functions are working.

Verify all wires shown on the wiring diagram on page 80-81 are correct and pull on wire terminals with approximately 3 lbs force to verify there are no loose terminal connections and/or not loose crimps between wire and terminal. If loose terminals are found, retighten and retest system. If problem persists, test as listed below.

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
Spin Speed Pot (SSP) set to zero	<b>A.</b> Set (SSP) to 200 on the control panel.	Spin Motor works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>B</b> next
Spin Motor Switch (SMS) is not on	B. Turn (SMS) switch on	Spin Motor works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>C.</b> next
Circuit Breaker is Tripped (4 AMP)	<b>C.</b> Reset Circiut Breaker on front of Control Panel. Push in if tripped.	Spin Motor works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>D.</b> next
Spin Drive Control (SDS) is not working	<b>D.</b> Check (SDS) L1 to L2 for 120 Volts AC	(SDC)Remove wires to Terminals L1and L2 and test betwen wires for 120V AC. Yesreconnect wires to board then go to Step <b>E.</b> next NoVerify Power to Circuit Breaker and SMS and continuity of wires. Replace CB or SMS if needed.
	E. With the Selector switch in spin and the spin pot set to 400RPM Check (SDC) A1 and A2 for 90-120 Volts DC	(SDC) Remove wires, test Terminals A1 to A2 on the board for approx 90-120 V DC Yesreconnect wires and go to Step <b>F.</b> next Nogo to Step <b>G.</b>
Spin Drive motor is bad	F. Check spin motor continuity	Remove wires at Terminal Strip 1, Term 4 & 5 check 0 ohms across the black and white wires
<u>^</u>	DISCONNECT POWER FROM MACHINE!	Yesend troubleshooting, spin drive should run, if not, replace motor. Nogo to Step <b>J.</b>
Spin drive control in Torque mode	<b>G.</b> Check continuity of mode selector switch.	Light on SDC next to SP should be ON. If not Remove wires 41SDCMOD and 44SDCCOM from SDC control board. Check continuity of wires, should read 0 ohms.  YesCheck continuity of STS switch, replace if bad. (Machine was in Torque

No-- Light nest to SP is on but machine does

not work. Go to Step H. next

BLESHOOTING (Continu	neq)
Checkout Procedure	
<b>H.</b> Check (STP) remote torque on the top (SDC) board	(STP) on (SDC) board, should be set as labled on pages 24 and 25. Adjust if incorrect and check Spin Drive Function. YesGo to Step I. next NoReplace (SDC)
I. (SSP) (10K) Remove 3 Remote Speed wires. Red wire to term 2 White wire to term 1 Black wire to term 3  DISCONNECT POWER FROM MACHINE!	Check for 10,000 ohm Red wire to white wire Full CCW0 ohms Full CW-10,000 ohms Red wire to black wire Full CCW10,000 ohms Full CW0 ohms Yesreplace (SDC) Noreplace (SSP)
J. Inspect Motor Brushes	Remove the brushes one at a time and maintain orientation for reinsertion. See if brush is worn short 3/8" (10 mm) minimum length. Yesreplace motor brushes Noreplace Spin Drive Motor
	Checkout Procedure  H. Check (STP) remote torque on the top (SDC) board  I. (SSP) (10K) Remove 3 Remote Speed wires. Red wire to term 2 White wire to term 1 Black wire to term 3  DISCONNECT POWER FROM MACHINE!

PROBLEM--Spin Drive not working in relief mode.

Assuming (SSS) System Start Switch is on with 120 volts AC to control panel and all other functions are working.

Verify all wires shown on the wiring diagram on pages 80-81 are correct and pull on wire terminals with approximately 3 lbs force to verify there are no loose terminal connections and/or no loose crimps between wire and terminal. If loose terminals are found, retighten and retest system. If problem persists, test as listed below.

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
Relief Torque Pot (RTP) set to zero.	<b>A.</b> Set (RTP) to 20 on the control panel.	Spin Motor works. Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>B.</b> next
Spin Motor Switch (SMS) is not on.	B. Turn (SMS) switch on.	Spin Motor works. Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>C.</b> next
Circuit Breaker is Tripped (4 AMP)	<b>C.</b> Reset Circiut Breaker on the right side of the machine. Push in if tripped.	Spin Motor works. Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to step <b>D.</b> next
Spin Drive Control (SDC) is not working	<b>D.</b> Check (SDC) L1 to L2 for 120 Volts AC	((SDC)Remove wires to Terminals L1and L2 and test betwen wires for 120V AC. Yesreconnect wires, go to Step F. NoGo to Step E. next
CB or Spin Motor Switch (SMS) is bad	E. Check power into (SMS) terminal 6 for 120 Volts AC	Remove Wire to SMS Terminal 6 "89sms-6" and check between the wire and Terminal Block 4 (Blue) for 120 VAC YesCheck switch continuity, replace NoCheck CB continuity, replace.
	<b>F.</b> Check (SDC) A1 & A2 for approx. 20 Volts DC (Have Relief Torque set to maximum torque - full clockwise.	Check for approx. 20 VDC from Terminal Strip 1 Terminal 4 (48TB1-4) to Terminal 5 (49TB1-5) Yesgo to Step <b>G.</b> next NoGo to Step <b>J</b> .
Spin Drive motor is bad	G. Check spin motor continuity  A DISCONNECT POWER	Remove motor wires at Terminal Strip 1 (left side lower strip), Term 4 & 5 and check 0 ohms across the black and white motor wires
4	FROM THE MACHINE	Yesend troubleshooting motor should work (if it does not, replace motor) Nogo to Step <b>H.</b> next
Worn Motor Brushes	H. Inspect Motor Brushes	Remove the brushes one at a time and maintain orientation for reinsertion. See if brush is worn short 3/8" (10 mm)
	DISCONNECT POWER FROM MACHINE!	minimum length Yesreplace motor brushes Noreplace Spin Drive Motor

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
Board is in spin mode.	J. Spin Torque Selector not working	Light next to TQ on board should be ON. If not remove wires 41SDCMOD and 44SDCCOM from SDC control board. Machine works. YesMachine was in spin mode. Check continuity of STS switch. Replace if bad. No Light next to TQ is ON but machine does not work, go to step <b>K</b> .
Relief Speed Pot (RSP) is not set correctly.	<b>K.</b> Check (RSP) remote speed (10k) on (SDC) board	Verify (SPEED) pot setting on the (SDC) board. Should be set as specified on pages 24 and 25. Adjust if incorrect and check Relief Torque function. Works Yesend of troubleshooting Nogo to Step L. next
(RTP) is not working	L. (RTP) (10K) Remove 3 Remote Torque Wires red wire to term 2 white wire to term 1. black wire to term 3.	Check for 10,000 ohms Red wire to white wire Full CCW0 ohms Full CW10,000 ohms Red wire to black wire Full CCW10,0000 ohms Full CW0 ohms Yesgo to Step M. nest Noreplace (RTP)
Switches on SDC incorrect	M. Verify postion of all pots and switch on SDC	Verify postion of 4 pots on board. Should be set as specified on pages 24 and 25. Verify that the Troque reduction feature is in the OFF position. (pushed toward the pots on board). Motor works Yesend of troubleshooting Noreplace SDC.

### PROBLEM: Spin drive speed goes at one speed only.

### **Possible Cause**

### Remedy

Wiring hookup to potentiometer is improper. (If components have been replaced)

**A.** Check potentiometer wiring for proper hookup. See that speed pot is wired per electrical diagram

If wiring is wrong, correct and test.

Yes--end of troubleshooting No--Go to Step B. next

Defective spin speed control (SSP) potentiometer.

B. (SSP) 10K Remove 3 remote speed wires. red wire to term 2 white wire to term 1 black wire to term 3

Check for 10,000 ohms
Red wire to white wire
Full CCW--0 ohms
Full CW--10,000 ohms
Red wire to black wire
Full CCW--10,000 ohms
Full CW--0 ohms
Yes-- Go to Step C. next
No--Replace (SSP)

Main circuit board dial pot settings not correct. (If board has been replaced C. Check all pot settings on both boards as of the (SDC) shown on Pages 24 and 25. (See Adjustment Section Spin Drive Control [SDC] Board Setting). Yes-- end of troubleshooting No--replace (SDC)

### PROBLEM: Spin drive motor speed varies

IR Comp trim pot not adjusted properly.

A. See adjustment section for trim pot setting on Page 24.

Original adjustment was not set properly

Torque to rotate the reel too high.

B. Readjust bearing preload for the reel. Maximum torque load 25 in./lb to rotate reel. Too much load on drive motor will cause motor to hunt and vary speed.

Check all terminal connections for tightness.

C. When .250 female spade terminals are not tight, remove and crimp slightly together. When reinstalling, push on pressure should have increased for good contact.

When connections are not tight the control board varies voltage to the DC motor which then varies speed.

PROBLEM--Traverse Drive not working.

Assuming (SSS) System Start Switch is on with 120 volts AC to control panel and all other functions are working.

Verify all wires shown on the wiring diagram on pages 88 are correct and pull on wire terminals with approximately 3lbs force to verify there are no loose terminal connections and/or no loose crimps between wire and terminal. If loose terminals are found, retighten and retest system. If problem persists, test as listed below.

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
Traverse Motor Switch (TMS) is not on	A. Turn on (TMS)	Traverse works Yesend troubleshooting Nogot to Step <b>B.</b> next
Traverse Speed Pot (TSP) set to zero	<b>B.</b> Set (TSP) to 35 on the control panel	Traverse works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>C.</b> next
Traverse is waiting for signal from Index Finger Proximity Sensor (In Torque mode only)	<b>C.</b> If the Spin/Torque selector is in torque mode and the carriage is on the right proximity sensor, the traverse board wats for the indexing finger to be activated before traveling to the right.	Press on the indexing finger until the Indexing Proximity sensor lights.  Traverse works  Yes- end troublshooting  No- Verify Poximity sensor works, and go to Step <b>D.</b> next
Fuse on Traverse Drive Control (TDC) has failed	<b>D.</b> Check fuse and replace if failed. See Page 23. Too heavy a grind causes grinding head traverse motor to overload and blow the fuse, NOTE: Fuse can not be checked visually. Use Ohm test to check fuse. If needs replacing <b>MUST</b> use a <b>3 amp slo-blo fuse</b> . Part Number 3707546.	Traverse works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>E.</b> next
Traverse Drive Control (TDC) is bad	E. Check for 120 Volts (AC) incoming to (TDC)	On (TDC) Terminal L1 to L2 for 120 Volts AC YesGo to Step <b>F.</b> next NoGo to Step <b>G.</b> next
Bad Traverse Motor Switch (TMS)	<b>F.</b> Check for 120 Volts AC at (TMS). (Make certain (TMS) is on)	Measure 120 volts AC from TMS Terminal 5 to Term Block 4(Blue) YesGo to Step K. next. NoFlip Switch and check again- WorksSwitch is upside down. Does not work Check wiring/Verify Continuity/ Replace Switch

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
No DC Voltage from (TDC) Traverse Drive Control	<b>G.</b> Check for 90 Volts DC across (TDC) terminals #A1 to #A2 this voltage drives the DC traverse motor. NOTE: Traverse must be on and have (TSP) turned full CW to maximum voltage of 90 VDC	Check (TDC) terminals #A1 to #A2 for 90 Volts DC Yesgo to Step <b>H.</b> next Nogo to Step <b>I.</b> next
Traverse Motor is bad	H. Check traverse motor continuity  DISCONNECT POWER FROM MACHINE	Remove motor wires from Terminal Strip 1 terminals #7 & #8 check for 0 ohms across the black and white wires Yesend troubleshooting, motor should work (if it does not, replace motor) Nogo to Step <b>K.</b> next
(TSP) is not working	I. Check (TSP) (10K) on control panel	(TDC) Pin #8 to #7  Pot Full CCW Pot Full CW  0VDC 9.75 VDC  Pin #8 to 9  Pot Full CCW Pot Full CW  9.75 VDC 0 VDC  Yesgo to Step <b>J.</b> next
(TSP) (10K) is bad	J. Check (TSP) for 10,000 ohms. Remove three wires from (TDC) red from term #8 white from term #7 black from term #9	Check for 10,000 ohms red to white wires Full CCW0 ohms Full CW10,000 ohms Red to black wires Full CCW10,000 ohms Full CW0 ohms Yesreplace the (TDC) NoReplace (TSP)
Worn motor brushes	K. Inspect Motor Brushes  DISCONNECT POWER FROM MACHINE	Remove the brushes one at a time and maintain orientation for reinsertion. See if brush is worn short, 3/8" (10 mm) minimum length.  Yesreplace motor brushes Noreplace Traverse Motor

PROBLEM--Traverse does not stop to reverse directions when flag goes under the proximity switch on the left side or right side of machine.

### Possible Cause Checkout Procedure

Gap between flag and prox is incorrect.

A. Gap between flag and prox should be 3/16 to 1/4" (4-6 mm). Prox LED does not light when flag is under prox.

If incorrect, adjust per adjustment section of manual.
Yes--end troubleshooting
No--go to Step B. next

Proximity Switch is bad. B. Proximity switch is not working properly or wire connections are loose. First check to see if proximity light comes on. When the light is on, it means that there is electricity coming to proximity switch. Actuate prox switches with steel tool to take measurements.

The light coming on shows the proximity is getting electrical contact.

Left proximity (PROX 1) check Traverse drive Control (TDC) between terminals #13 (black wire) and #15 (brown wire). Proximity light on-0 Volts DC Proximity light off-12 Volts DC

Right proximity (PROX) check #14 (black wire) and #15 (brown wire).

Proximity light on-0 Volts DC Proximity light off-12 Volts DC

Replace proximity switch if the voltages do not read as above.

PROBLEM--Traverse speed control goes at one speed only.

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
Defective speed control potentiometer	<b>A.</b> Check potentiometer on control panel.	Traverse Drive Control Pin #8 to 7 Pot full CCW Pot Full CW 0 VDC 9.75 VDC Pin #8 to 9 Pot full CCW Pot Full CW 9.75 VDC 0 VDC YesPot is OK NoGo to Step <b>B.</b> next
	B. Check potentiometer for 10,000 ohms. Remove three wires from Traverse Drive Control red from term #8 white from term #7 black from term #9	Check for 10,000 ohms Red to White wires Full CCW - 0 ohms Full CW - 10,000 ohms Red to Black wires Full CCW - 10,000 ohms Full CW - 0 ohms YesGo to Step C. next Noreplace potentiometer. Wiper inside of potentiometer controls speed. Wiper may be bad and not making contact.
Wiring hookup to potentiometer is improper. (If components have been replaced.)	C. Check potentiometer wiring for proper hookup. See that speed pot is wired per electrical diagram	Wrong wire hookup effects traverse control. Reversing red and orange wires to potentiometer to the D C motor will run at zero speed but maximum will be too slow. Reversing red and white wires does not affect speed control. Check for Proper function. Yesend troubleshooting NoGo to Step <b>D.</b> next
Main circuit board dial pot settings not correct. (If board has not been replaced.)	<b>D.</b> Check all pot settings on circuit board as shown in wiring diagram. (See adjustment section Traverse Motor Control Board Settings.)	Minimum and maximum pot settings effect traverse speed.

PROBLEM--If the carriage traverses to one end of stroke or the other and it stops and does not reverse direction.

Possible Cause	Remedy	Reason
Proximity switch is not working properly or wire connections are loose	First check to see of proximity light comes on. When the light is on, it means that there is electricity coming to proximity switch.  Actuate prox switches with steel tool to take measurements.	The light coming on shows the proximity is getting electrical contract.
Machine is in Torque mode and the indexing finger is not being activated.	Check to see that the finger Proximity sensor is lit when the moveable indexing finger is in the back position. [To test swiitch the torque selector to spin, if the carriage travels back and forth then its the finger proximity sensor is the most likely the issue.]  Left proximity (PROX1) check Traverse drive Control (TDC) between	The moveable indexing proximity sensor is not adjusted correctly or is not working. Test the proximity sensor by pressing on the index finger and look for the light on the end of the proximity sensor. Adjust the position of the proximity sensor if not adjusted correctly.  Proximity Light on- 0 Volts DC
	terminals #14 (black wire) and #15 (brown wire).  Right proximity (PROX) check (TDC)	Proximity Light off- 12 Volts DC  Proximity Light on-
	between terminals #13 (black wire) and #15 (brown wire).	0 Volts DC Proximity Light off- 12 Volts DC
		Replace proximity switch if the voltages do not read as above.

### PROBLEM--Insufficient hesitation at carriage stops prior to reversing traverse.

The dwell time on the	Reset dwell time as required. One
traverse drive control not	increment increases Dwell time by
set properly.	1/2 second.

### PROBLEM--Traverse changes directions erratically while running in traverse cycle.

Loose wire to proximity switch.	Check wire connections from the proximity switches and tighten down	A loose wire connection will give intermittent electrical contact.
	screws.	

PROBLEM--Infeed motor not working.

Assuming (SSS) System Start Switch is on with 115 Volts AC to control panel and all other functions are working.

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
Infeed Jog Switch (IJS) is not held to on position	<b>A.</b> (IJS) Hold switch on in either direction	Infeed motor works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>B.</b> next
Infeed Speed Switch (IJS) is not on high speed	<b>B.</b> Put (IJS) on high speed for ease of checkout.	High speed works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>C.</b> next
Infeed motor/reducer drive coupling is loose	C. Open infeed motor coupling inspection plate to check for loose coupling. Retighten coupling to drive actuator screw. See adjustment section of manual.	Infeed works Yesend troubleshooting Nogo to Step <b>D.</b> next
No DC voltage to Grinding Wheel Infeed Motor (GIM)	D. With the Infeed Speed Switch in rabbit position, check for 24 Volts DC across terminals labeled 2 and 5 of the (IJS) with (IJS) held on.	Check term 2 & 5 of (IJS) for 24 Volts DC. Yesgo to Step <b>E.</b> next Nogo to Step <b>G.</b> next
Infeed Motor/Reducer will not function	<b>E.</b> With the Infeed Speed Switch in rabbit, check for 24 Volts DC at the terminals 137TBB-21 and 137TBG-22.	Check for 24 Volts DC at Term marked 137TBB-21 and 137TBG-22. YesGo to Step <b>F.</b> next NoReplace wires #127 and #128
	<b>F.</b> Disconnect (GIM) from the infeed actuator and check (GIM) function under no load.	Check (GIM) function when disengaged from Infeed Actuator. YesReplaced Infeed Actuator NoReplace (GIM)
Switch (IJS) is bad	<b>G.</b> Check for 24 Volts DC to (IJS).	Check for 24 Volts DC at Terminal 6 and 4 then check Terminals 3 and 1 of (IJS). YesReplace (IJS) Nogo to Step <b>H.</b> next.
No DC Voltage to the Infeed Control Board (ICB).	<b>H.</b> Check for 24 volts DC Input to ICB.	Remove the Red and Blue wires goint to the ICB and Check for 24 Volts DC between the wires. 150ICBB+ to 133ICBB- YesReplace (ICB) NoReplace 24 VDC power supply (PWR)

PROBLEM--Infeed motor has no low speed (turtle) function.

Assuming (SSS) System Start Switch is on with 115 volts AC to control panel and all other functions are working and infeed motor works in high speed (rabbit position).

Possible Cause	Checkout Procedure	
Incorrect DC Voltage from the Voltage Regulator in low speed turtle position.	A. Verify voltage to grind infeed motor (GIM). With the infeed speed switch in turtle, check the DC voltage at the terminal strip where the Grinding Wheel Infeed Motor (GIM) cord attaches.	Check 3-8Volts DC at terminal 137TBB-21 and 137TBG-22. YesGo to Step <b>B.</b> next. NoGo to Step <b>C.</b> next.
Infeed Actuator is bound and will not allow low speed (turtle) function.	<b>B.</b> Disconnect (GIM) from the infeed actuator and check (GIM) function under no load.	Check (GIM) function when disengaged from Infeed Actuator. Motor should step slowly. YesReplaced Infeed Actuator NoReplace Grind Infeed Motor.
Infeed Speed Selector not working (ISS)	C. Remove wires from ISS terminals 2 and 3. Check continuity between terminals on Switch (ISS).	Switch has continuity when on and not when switch if off. Yes Replace Resistors assembly on ICB. No Replace switch (ISS)

### **MECHANICAL TROUBLESHOOTING (Continued)**

#### **Possible Cause**

### Checkout Procedure

### PROBLEM--Reels ground have high/low blades

Traverse Speed set too fast.

Check roundness using a magnetic base dial indicator. Traverse speed should be set approximately 12 ft/min. (4 meters/ min.) if roundness is varying.

Lineal bearings for the grinding head carriage are out of adjustment (loose) or have grit buildup causing uneven traversing load. Relubricate and adjust linear bearings per adjustment section. If problem persists, replace lineal bearings on the carriage base. Check for any holes in the bellows that would permit any grinding grit penetration. See adjustment section for lineal bearing replacement.

# PROBLEM--Excessive grinding stock being removed when traversing to the right in the relief grinding mode.

Gib adjustment for the relief finger assembly is loose so reel finger has movement. When traversing to the right minimum grinding stock removal should be seen as compared with heavy stock removal when traversing to the left. Tighten the set screws for the gib adjustment. See procedure in the adjustment section in the manual.

# PROBLEM-- Grinding stock removal from reel is irregular during spin grinding.

Lineal bearings on the grinding head carriage are too loose.

The lineal bearing must be preloaded to the traverse shafts with no vertical movement. See manual adjustment section for carriage bearing adjustments.

#### PROBLEM--Carriage traversing varies speed while grinding.

Lineal bearings in the carriage do not rotate freely.

Check for grinding grit getting into the lineal bearings and causing excessive driving torque of carriage. Abrasive noise is detectable when excessive grit is in the lineal bearings. Replace the four lineal bearings in the main carriage. Check bellows for holes and replace if necessary.

Belt is slipping

Belt Clamp may have moved. See manual adjustment section for Traverse Clamp Force.

Traverse Belt tension to loose

Check the spring length on left side of travese belt. See manual adjustment section for Traverse Belt Tension.

## **MECHANICAL TROUBLESHOOTING (Continued)**

### **Possible Cause**

### **Checkout Procedure**

### PROBLEM--Too heavy a burr on cutting edge of reel blades.

Traverse speed set too high causing a heavy burr on the reel blade when spin grinding.

Traverse speed should be set lower approximately 12 ft/min. (meters/min.) for a smaller burr on cutting edge.

### PROBLEM--Cone shaped reel after grinding.

Grinding head travel not parallel to the reel center shaft.

Grinding head travel was not setup parallel to the reel center shaft in vertical and horizontal planes. See Align the Reel Section in operator's Manual

### PROBLEM--Relief grind on the reel blades do not go the full length of the reel.

The right side corner of the grinding wheel is always to be in contact with the reel blade. This is high point of the relief finger. The right hand side of the grinding wheel is not in full contact for relief grinding.

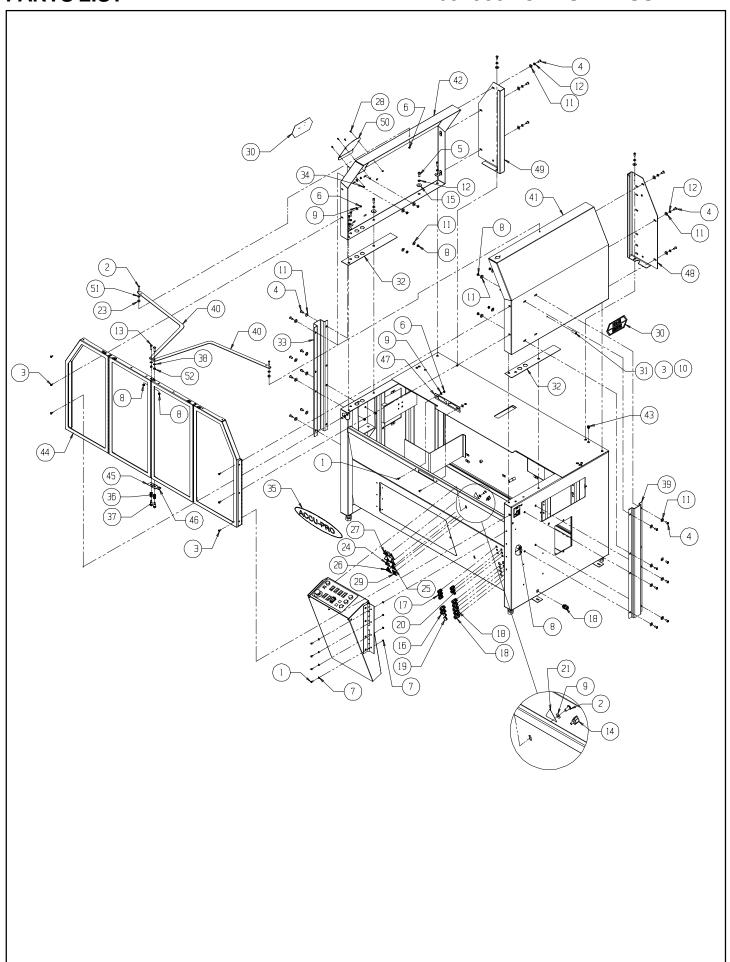
See Operators Manual for NORMAL HELIX AND

See Operators Manual for NORMAL HELIX AND REVERSE HELIX.

### PROBLEM-- Traverse speed is too slow.

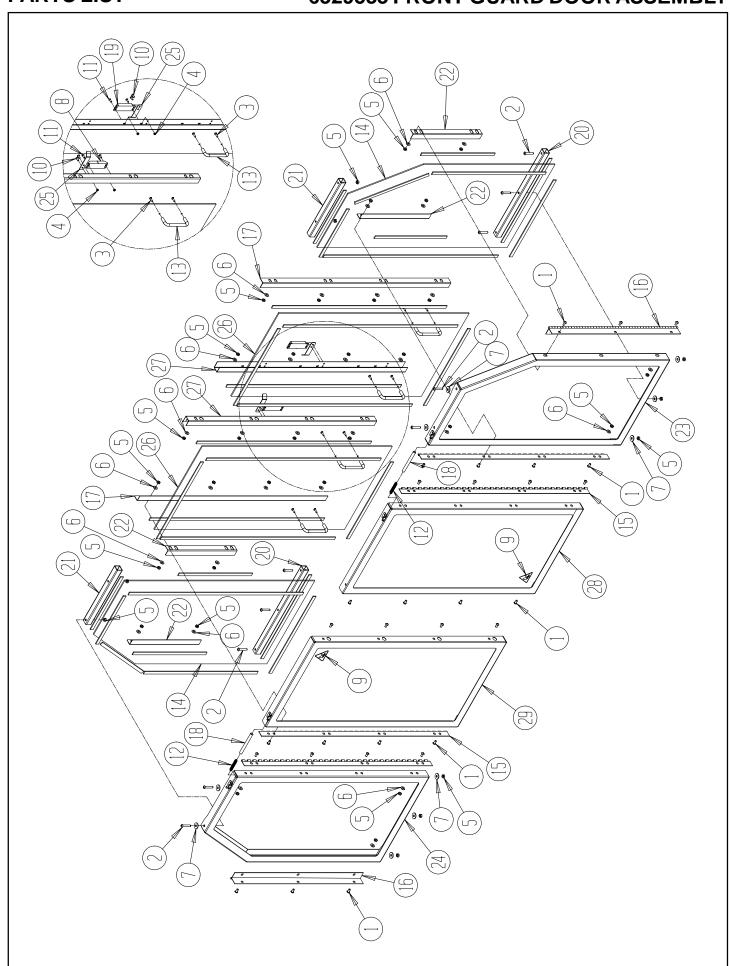
Possible Cause	Remedy	Reason
Lineal bearing in the carriage are set too tight.	A. Readjust bearings for proper tension. (for more detail see lineal bearing replacement in the adjustment section of the manual.)	When bearing preload is too tight, it causes excessive loading to drive the carriage.  When traverse belt is disengaged, the proper traverse load is 2 to 3 lbs. Use a tension scale to check. (A general guide only.)

PROBLEMSpin Drive cr	anks up and down too hard.	
The two top and two bottom pivot screws are compressing the conical washer too tight.	A. Tighten down the locknut until it bottoms out and back off 1/2 turn. Check to see if there is a cone shape to the washer. Four (4) pivot points.	Have enough play so the crank turns snugly but during operation it is free.
Check screw adjust- ment tension on nylon plug riding against the screw thread.	B. Loosen set screw and check. (See adjustment section.)	



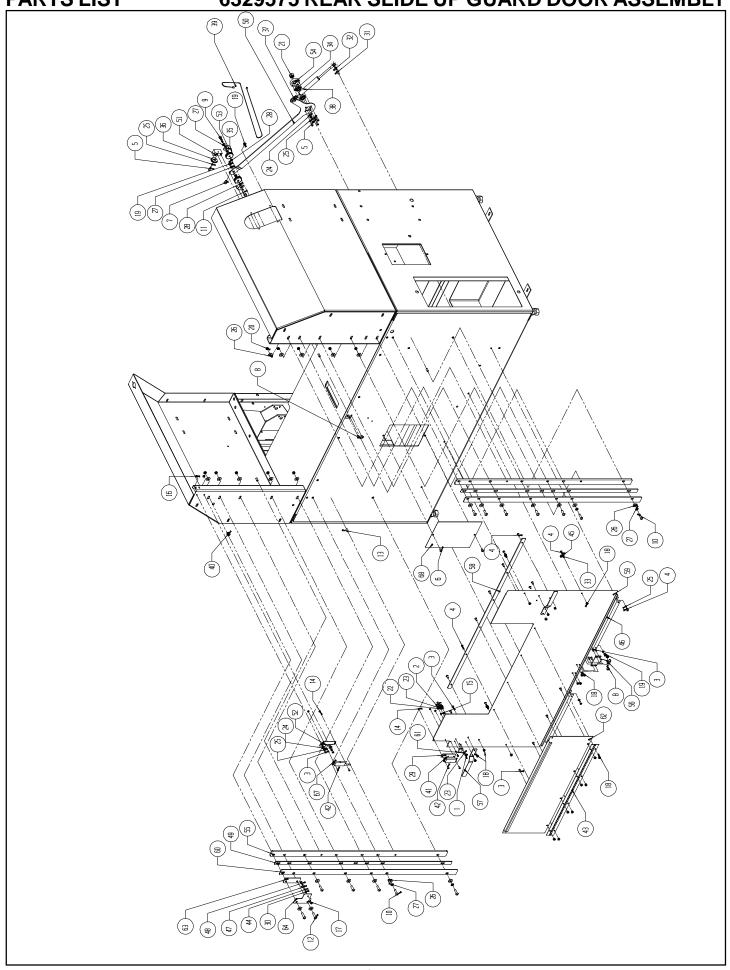
## **PARTS LIST**

DIAGRAM <u>NUMBER</u>	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	B250816	Button Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2 Long
2	B251616	Button Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1 Long
		Hex Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2 Long
		Button Head Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 3/4 Long
		Socket Head Cap Screw 3/8-16 1 Long
		1/4-20 Nylon Jam Locknut
		Internal Tooth Lock Washer 1/4
		3/8-16 Nylon Jam Locknut
9	K250001	1/4 Flat wasner
		1/4 Split Lockwasher [Gage Holder]
	K370001	
	K371501	
13	B372016	Button Head Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 1.25 Long
	09394	
		Liquid Tight Strain Relief .2747 Wire
		Liquid Tight Strain Relief .1930 Wire
		Liquid Tight Strain Relief .4355 Wire
19	3707595	7/8 Hole Plug
	3707597	
21	3708448	Electrical Warning Decal
22	3708458	Sharp Warning Decal
		Spacer .28 ID x .75 OD x .25 Thick
24	3708605	Respirator Warning Decal
2 <del></del> 25	3708606	Hearing Protection Warning Decal
	3708612	
27		
	3708872	10-24 x 3/8 Button Head Socket Cap Screw
29	3/000/2	Patent Decal
	3709990	
31	3706044	Gage Mounting Pin
32	6329022	Side Frame Spacer Plate
33	6329024	Canopy Boom Support Bracket
	J197000	
	6329053	
		Compression Spring .72 OD x 1.25 Long
		Compression Spring .72 OD x 1.23 Long Shoulder Bolt 1/2 Diameter x 3/4 Long
		Conical Washer .38 ID x .68 OD Canopy Support Bracket
		Carropy Cupport Didonot
	6329148	Door Overhead Arm
	6329543	
42	63295436329542	Guard Weldment - LH
42	6329543	Guard Weldment - LH
42 43	63295436329542	Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief
42 43 44	6329543	Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief Front Guard Door Assembly (see page 60)
42 43 44 45		Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief
42 43 44 45 46		Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief Front Guard Door Assembly (see page 60) Door Catch Bracket Right Door Catch Bracket Left
42		Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief Front Guard Door Assembly (see page 60) Door Catch Bracket Right Door Catch Bracket Left Catch Plate
42	6329543	Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief Front Guard Door Assembly (see page 60) Door Catch Bracket Right Door Catch Bracket Left
42	6329543 6329542 3707279 6329533 6329144 6329145 6329146 6329109 6329110	Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief Front Guard Door Assembly (see page 60) Door Catch Bracket Right Door Catch Bracket Left Catch Plate Right Hand Rear Guard Panel Left Hand Rear Guard Panel
42	6329543	Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief Front Guard Door Assembly (see page 60) Door Catch Bracket Right Door Catch Bracket Left Catch Plate Right Hand Rear Guard Panel Left Hand Rear Guard Panel Boom Hole Cover Panel
42	6329543	Guard Weldment - LH Strain Relief Front Guard Door Assembly (see page 60) Door Catch Bracket Right Door Catch Bracket Left Catch Plate Right Hand Rear Guard Panel Left Hand Rear Guard Panel



## **6329533 FRONT GUARD DOOR ASSEMBLY**

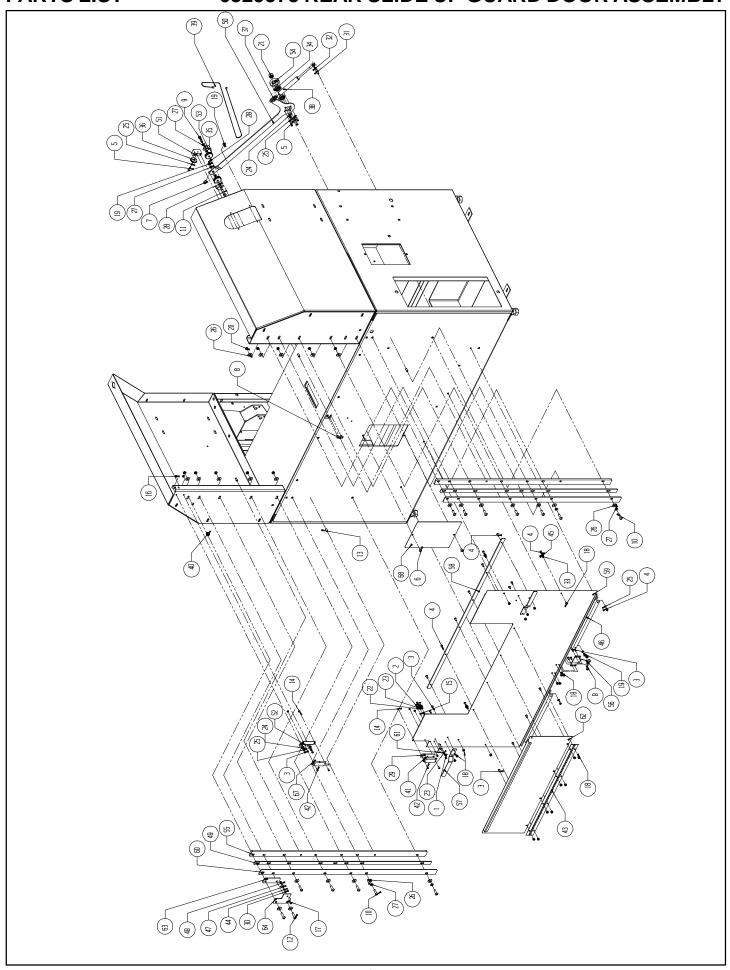
DIAGRAM <u>NUMBER</u>	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
2	B252416	Flat Washer Door Safety Switch Coded Magnet Sharp Warning Decal
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	3708820 3708855 3708857 6059013 6059029 6059030 6059036 6059044 6059021	Button Head Safety Screw #8-32 x 1/2 Long Extension Spring Black Pull Handle Front Outside Window Front Center Hinge
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	6059067	Top Window Support Short Window Support Front RH Window Frame Weldment Front LH Window Frame Weldment



## 6329575 REAR SLIDE UP GUARD DOOR ASSEMBLY

DIAGRAM	PART	
NUMBER		DESCRIPTION
1	B190411	Socket Head Cap Screw 10-24 x 1/4 Long
2	B190613	Button Head Socket Cap Screw 10-24 x 3/8 Long
		Button Head Socket Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2 Long
		Button Head Socket Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 3/4 Long
		Button Head Socket Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 1/2 Long
		Hex Head Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 1-1/4 Long
10	B3/2016	Button Head Socket Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 1-1/4 Long
		Hex Head Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 1-1/2 Long
12	B372416	Button Head Socket Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 1-1/2 Long
13	H371202	3/8 Diameter Roll Pin x 3/4 Long
		#8-32 Jam Locknut
		#10-24 Jam Locknut
		1/4-20 Hex Jam Nut
	J371000	
19	337 1000	3/6-16 Hex Nut
		3/8-16 Jam Locknut
	J627100	
22	K190001	#10 Flat Washer
23	K191501	#10 Lock Washer
24	K250001	1/4 Flat Washer
25	K251501	1/4 Lock Washer
	K370001	
		3/8 Lock Washer
		Door Switch Spacer
20	80406	Flat Washer .5 OD x .27 ID
30		
31	80418	Gas Spring Stud
32	80421	Retaining Clip for Gas Spring
33	3249153	Flat Washer .38 OD x .25 ID
34	3706032	Ball Bearing R10
35	3706097	Pulley 1.75 OD x .37 ID
36	3706098	Pulley 1.50 OD x .25 ID
37	3706099	Clevis Rod End
38	3706100	Gas Spring 3.9 Stroke
39	3706101	Cable Assembly
40	3707279	Strain Relief
41	3707647	Coded Door Magnet
		#8-32 x 1/2 Long Button Head Safety Screw
	3708869	
	3708998	
	3709597	
		Lower Guide Bar
	6329131	
	6329133	
49	6329136	Rear Slide Spacer Plate

## 6329575 REAR SLIDE UP GUARD DOOR ASSEMBLY



## 6329575 REAR SLIDE UP GUARD DOOR ASSEMBLY

DIAGRAM	PART	
<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
50	6329163	Rear Door Arm
51	6329164	Pulley Block
52	6329165	
53	6329166	Cable Guide
54	6329167	Bearing Block
55	6329172	Rear Door Inner Slide
56	6329173	
57	6329174	Rear Door Lift Handle
58	6329175	Rear Door Stiffener
59	6329177	Rear Door Sliding
		-
60	6329179	Rear Door Outer Plate
61	6329180	Door Stop Block
62	6329181	Hinged Walker Panel
63	6329182	Door Stop Spacer Plate
64	6329183	Door Catch Bracket
67	6329184	Door Switch Assembly
68	6509040	Panel Acess LH Small

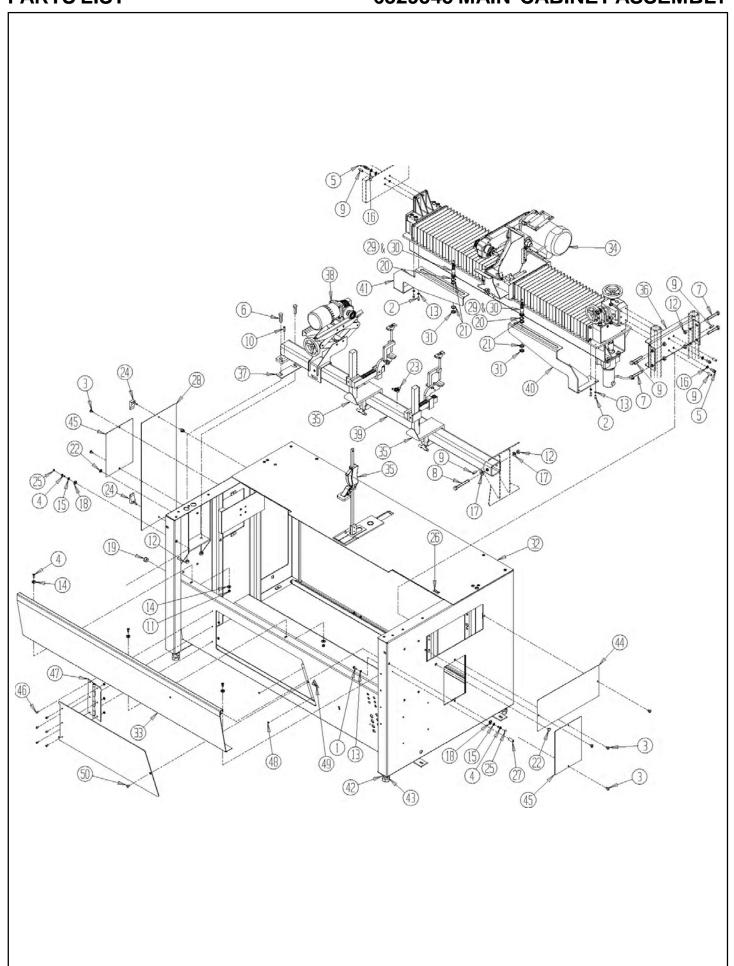


DIAGRAM	PART	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
NUMBER	<u>NUMBER</u>	
	B250801	Hex Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2
)	B251011	Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 5/8
	B310813	
		Socket Head Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 3/4
		Hex Head Cap Screw 1/2-13 x 1 3/4
		Hex Head Cap Screw 1/2-13 x 3
		Hex Head Cap Screw 1/2-13 x 4.25
10	H3/2002	
l1	J317100	5/16-18 Locknut
2	J507100	1/2-13 Locknut
I3	K251501	1/4 Split Lockwasher
		5/16 Flat Washer SAE
		5/16 Split Lockwasher
	K371501	
	K500001	
	3707595	
20	3708419	wave Spring
		Flat Washer (1.0 OD x .75 ID x .08T)
22	3708542	5/8" Hole Plug
	3708612	
	3708867	
25	3709372	1/2" Hole Plua
	6309111	
	3706044	·
	6329098	
		Proximity Switch Head
		LH Traverse Proximity Switch Cord
30 D	0329070	
31	3707459	Proximity Switch Nut
32	6329501	Cabinet Weldment
		Front Panel Weldment
34	6329525	Traverse Base Assembly (see page 64)
		Mower Support Assembly (see page 78)
	6509035	
	6509389	
		•
		Proximity Switch Bracket Weldment LH
		Adjustable Leveling Bolt
		Right-Hand Access Panel
		Left-Hand Access Panel - Small
		1/4-20 x 1/2 Button Head Socket Cap Screw
	50382	
		•
49	2700 /E0	Marning Docal Sharp

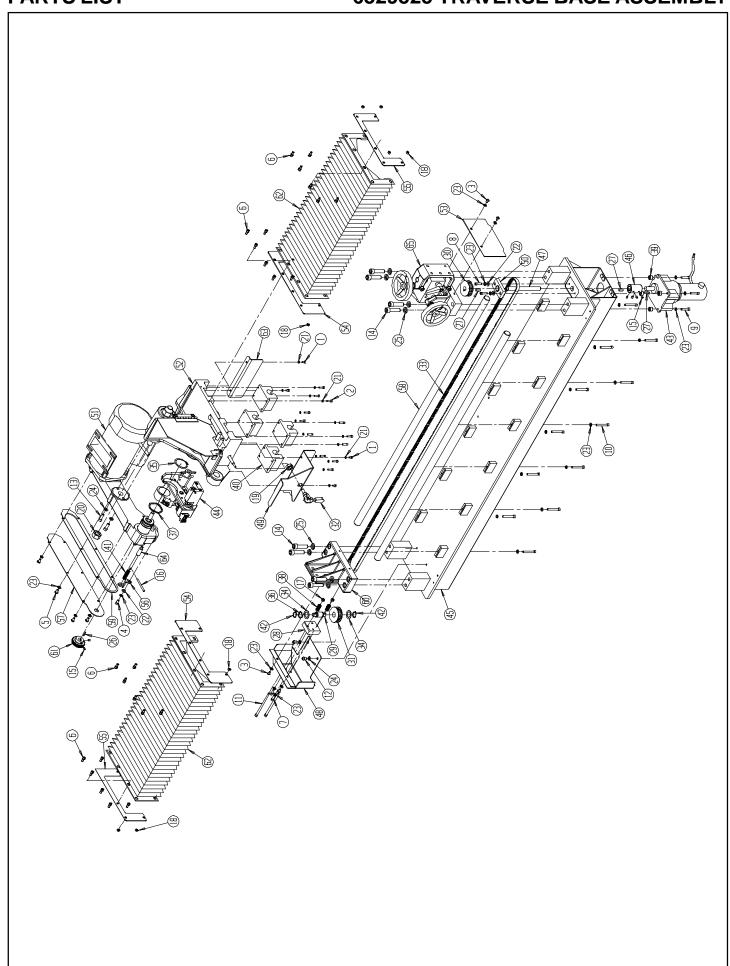


DIAGRAM NUMBER	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	B190611	. Socket Head Cap Screw 10-24 x 3/8 Long
2	B191211	. Socket Head Cap Screw 10-24 x 3/4 Long
3	B250616	. Button Head Socket Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 3/8 Long
		. Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2 Long
		. Pan Head Machine Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2 Long
		. Button Head Socket Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2 Long
		. Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 3/4 Long
		Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 7/8 Long
		Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1 1/4 Long
10	D233211	. Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 2 Long
11	B256411	. Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 4 Long
12	B310813	. Button Head Socket Cap Screw 5/16-18 x 1/2 Long
13	B311611	. Socket Head Cap Screw 5/16-18 x 1 Long
		. Socket Head Cap Screw 1/2-13 x 2 Long
		. Socket Head Set Screw Cup Point 1/4-20 x 1/4 Long
		. 3/8 Diameter Roll Pin x 2 1/2 Long
		. 1/4-20 Nylon Locknut Thin
		. 1/4-20 Nylon Locknut
		. 5/8-18 Nylon Locknut Thin
20	J/5/300	. 3/4-16 Nylon Locknut
21	K191501	. No. 10 Washer
22	K250001	. 1/4 Flat Washer SAE
23	K251501	. 1/4 Split Lockwasher
		. 5/16 Split Lockwasher
		. 1/2 Split Lockwasher
		. Square Key 1/8 x 3/4 Long
		. Square Key 3/16 x 3/4 Long
28	28192	. Traverse Pulley Support
		. Traverse Pulley Shaft
30	3706056	. Drive Pulley (Cog)
31	55553	. Idler Pulley Assembly
32	80335	. Destaco Clamp
	80354	
		. Thrust Washer (1 1/4OD x 3/4 ID)
		. External Retaining Ring
		. Wave Spring (.78 ID)
	3708436	
		Compression Spring
		. Spacer 5/8 OD x 9/32 ID x 3/8 Long
40	3709044	. Linear Ball Bearing

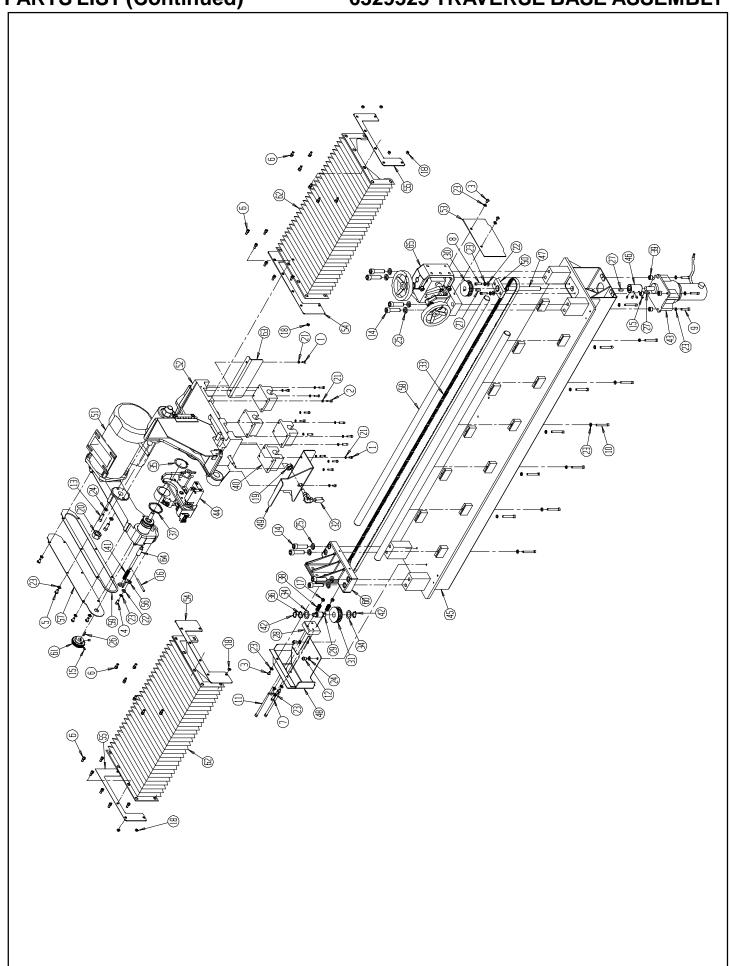
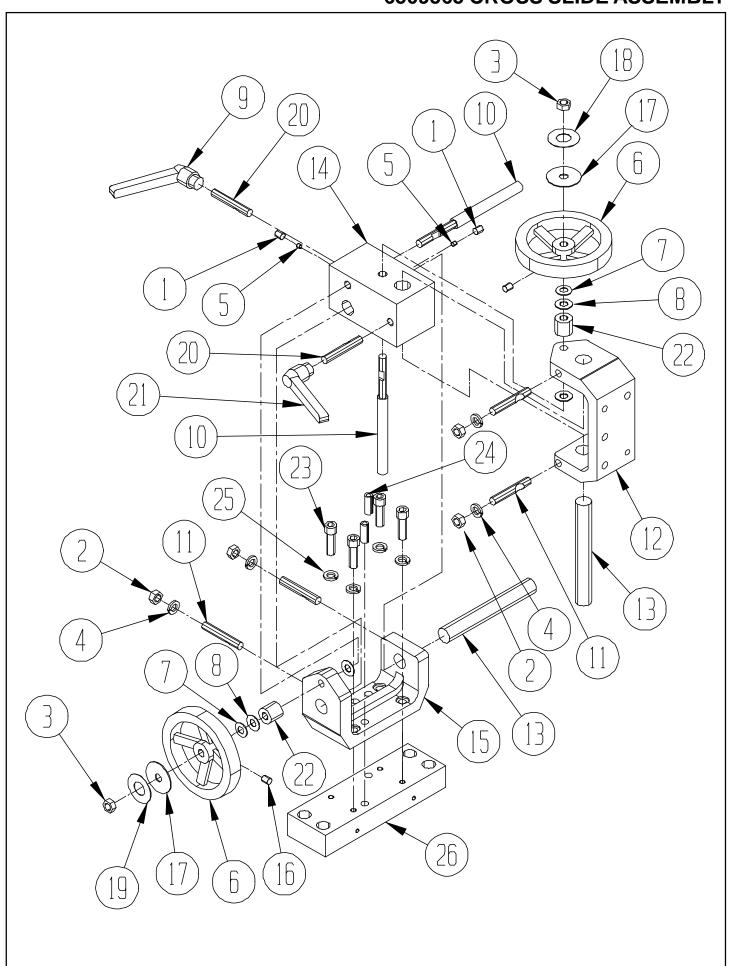
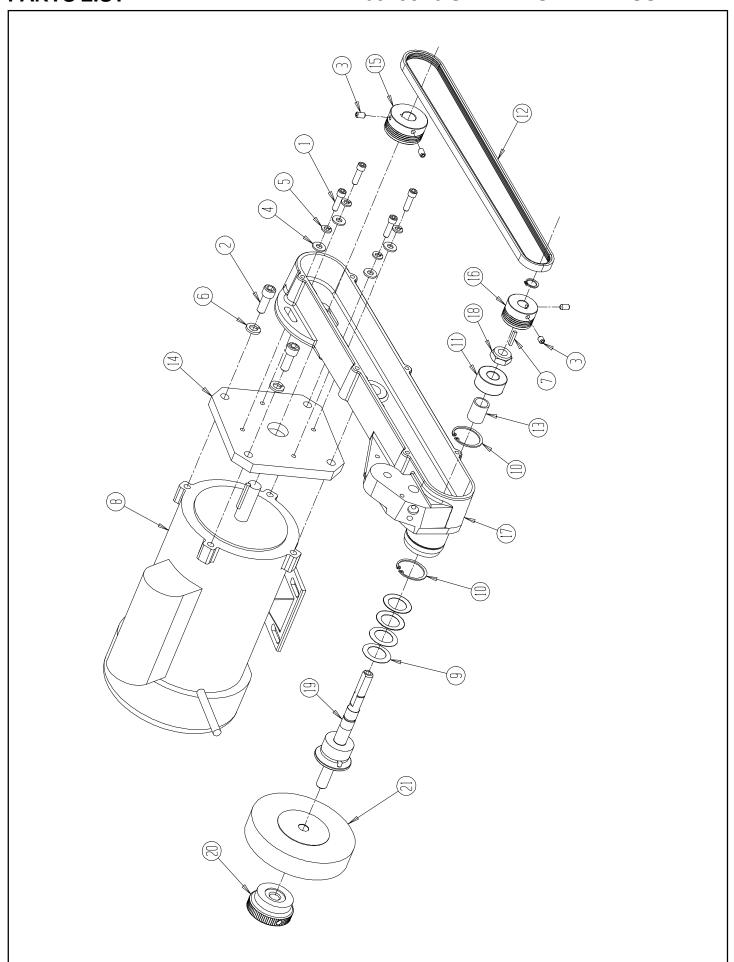


DIAGRAM NUMBER	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
		Compression Spring
		External Retaining Ring
		Traverse Motor Assembly
		Finger & Body Assembly (see page 74)
	6329032	
		5/8 Shaft Coupler
		Motor Extension Shaft 6.00 Long (Prior to 8-08)
		Motor Extension Shaft 5.75 Long (After 8-08)
		Pulley Mount Bracket
49	6329507	Prox Flag Bracket Weldment
50	6320511	Shaft Support Block Assembly
		Grinding Head Assembly (see page 70)
		Carriage Assembly (see page 72)
		Traverse Base Adjuster End Cap
		Bellows Bracket Carriage Mount
		Bellows Bracket End Mount
		Plunger Pin Retainer
	6509055	<u> </u>
	6509063	
		Belt Cover Gasket
60	6509221	Traverse Base Fixed Bracket
61	6509238	Grinding Wheel Grip Knob
		Bellows - Way cover
63	6509253	Carriage Dust Cover Bracket
	6509484	
65	6509565	Cross Slide Assembly (see page 68)



## 6509565 CROSS SLIDE ASSEMBLY

DIAGRAM NUMBER	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	C311220	Socket Set Screw CPPT 5/16-18 x 3/4 Long
2		
3	J377000	3/8-16 Hex Jam Nylon Locknut
4	K371501	3/8 Split Lockwasher
5	3579109	3/16 Dia. Nylon Plug
6	3708148	Handwheel 4.5 Dia38 Bore
7	3709062	Bell V Washer .75 O. D. x .035 T
8	3709304	Thrust Washer
9	3708705	Adjustable Handle 5/16-18 Female - Orange
10	6509390	Adjusting ACME Shaft
11	6009035	Locking Stud Shaft
12	6009082	Cross Slide Support
13	6009095	Slide Shaft
14	6509011	Cross Slide
15	6509015	Cross Slide Horizontal support
16	C310820	Socket Set Screw 5/16-18 x 5/8 Long
17	3708665	Flat Washer
18	6309115	Grey Decal
19	6309114	Orange Decal
20	6309113	5/16-18 Locking Stud
21	3708706	Adjustable Handle 5/16-18 Female - Grey
22	3969065	Spacer .406 ID x .75 OD x 1.0 Long
23	B372011	Socket Head Cap Screw 3/8-16 x 1 1/4 Long
24	H371602	Rollpin 3/8 Dia. x 1 Long
25	K371501	3/8 Split Lockwasher
26	6509010	Traverse Base Adjuster Bracket



## 6329526 GRINDING HEAD ASSEMBLY

DIAGRAM <u>NUMBER</u>	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
2 3 4 5 6	B371611 C250627 K250001 K251501	1/4 Split Lockwasher 3/8 Split Lockwasher
8 9	3707690	Conical Washer 1.36 OD x .88 OD
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	3708202	Bearing Sleeve Motor Mount Plate Pulley - Poly V 1.80 Diameter Pulley - Poly V 1.44 Diameter Grinding Head Housing 9/16-18 Spindle Nut Grinding Head Spindle Assembly
		Grinding Wheel (see page 83) Retaining Ring - External .50 Shaft Heavy Duty

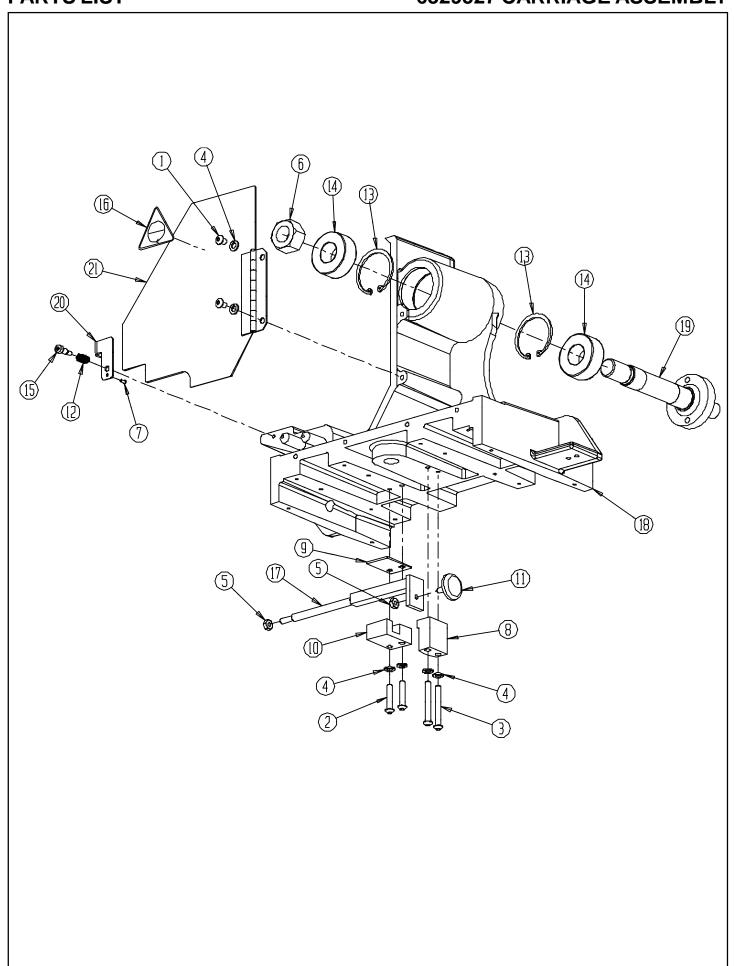


DIAGRAM	PART	DESCRIPTION
<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	R250616	Button Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 3/8 Long
		Button Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 3/8 Long
		Button Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1 1/4 Long
	K251501	
	J252000	
		7/8-14 Nylon Jam Locknut
	R602031	
	28187	•
		Traverse Clamp Spacer Plate
10	28189	Clamp Support Block
	50310	• •
	3708105	
13	3708184	Retaining Ring
14	3708186	Ball Bearing
15	3708208	Shoulder Bolt .250 Dia. x .387 Long
16	3708462	Decal - RPM, Symbol
17	6329040	Traverse Clamp
18	6329058	Carriage Base
		Grinder Head Pivot Shaft
	6509251	
		Ŭ
21	6509584	Swing Door Weldment

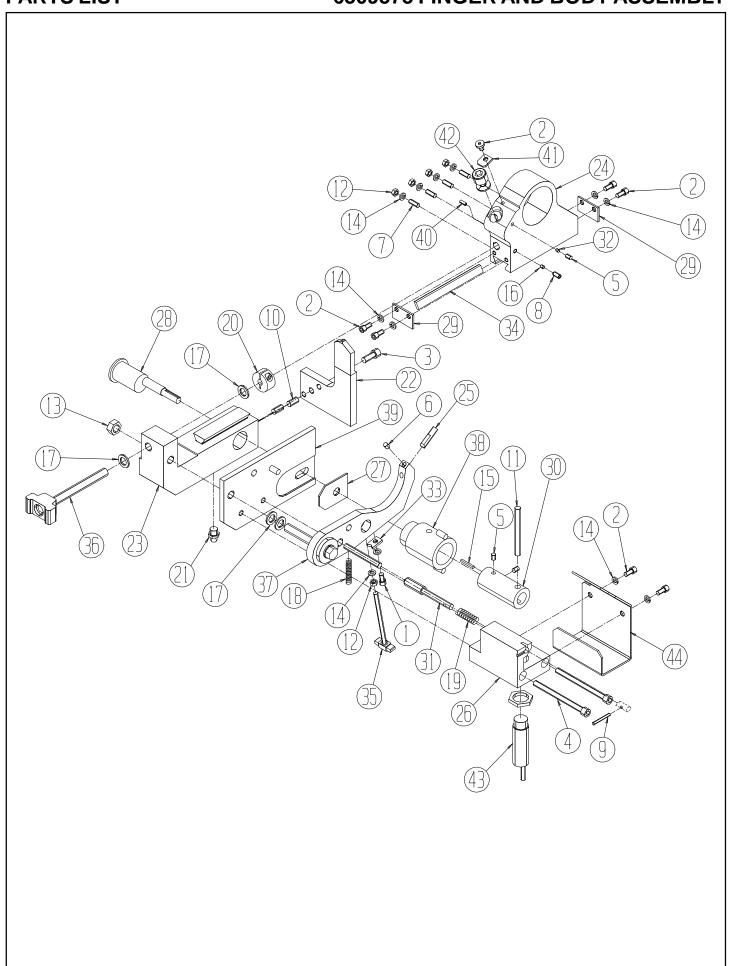
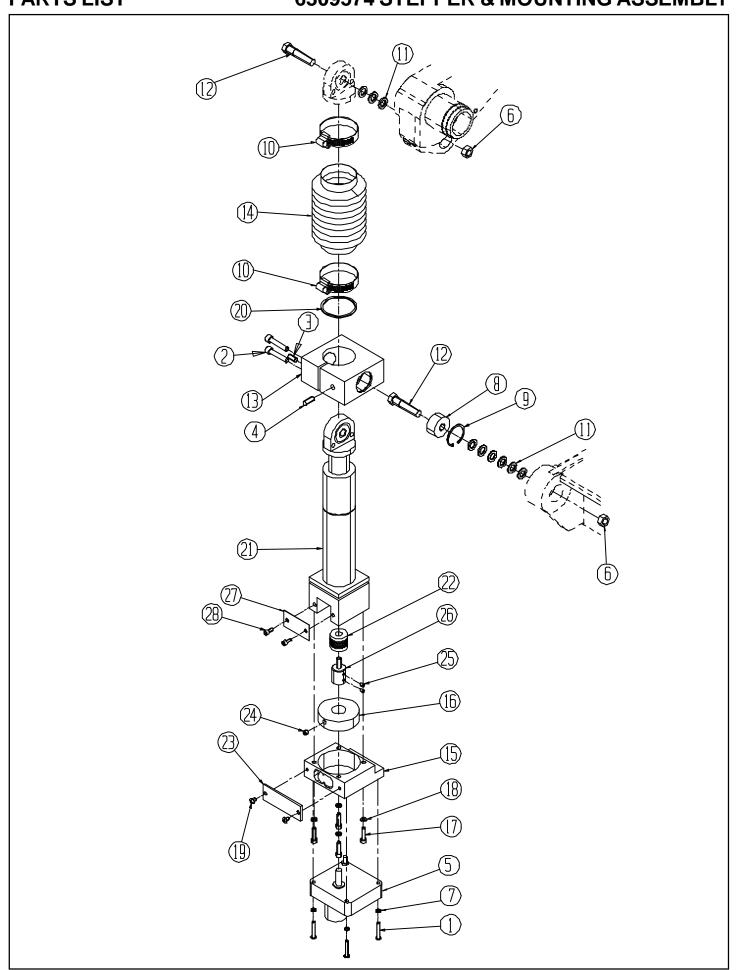


DIAGRAM	PART	DESCRIPTION
<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
1	B190631	Socket Head Cap Screw 10-32 x 3/8 Long
2	B190634	Button Head Socket Cap Screw 10-32 x 3/8 Long
3	B251011	Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 5/8 Long
4	B254811	Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x3 Long
5		Socket Set Screw 10-24 x 1/4
6	C190467	Socket Set Screw - Nylok Cup 10-32 x .25 Long
		Socket Set Screw - CP-PT 10-32 x 1/2 Long
		Socket Set Screw - 10-32 x 1/2 Long
		Roll Pin 1/8 Dia. x 1 1/4 Long
		Dowel Pin 1/4 Dia. x .5 Long
11	H253202	Drive Lock Pin 1/4 x 1.75 Long
	J191100	
		3/8-24 Jam Nylok Locknut
		No. 10 Lock Washer
		Square Key .093 x .75 Long
		1/8 Dia. Nylon Plug
	3709304	
		Compression Spring
		Compression Spring
		3/8-16 Dia. Split Shaft Collar
21	3709472	Straight Grease Fitting
	6509432	The state of the s
	6509004	
		Reel Finger Positioner
	6509007	•
		Index Stop i iii
	6509009	
		Side Washel Eccentric Index Pin
	6509060	
30	0009215	Adjustable Index Lever
		Locking Index Finger Pin
		1/8" Diameter Nylon Plug
	6509239	
34	6509258	Dovetail Gib
35	6509501	Tee Knob Assembly
	6509547	
		Index Finger Assembly
		Index Lock Handle Weldment
39	6509592	Index Finger Positioner Weldment
40	H120402	1/8" Diameter x 1/4" Long Pin Roll
41	6509358	Stop Plate
		Reel Positioner Adjuster
		Finger Proximity Switch Cord
	3707601	
	6509230	



## 6329578 STEPPER & MOUNTING ASSEMBLY

DIAGRAM <u>NUMBER</u>	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	B161811	. Socket Head Cap Screw 8-32 x 1 1/8 Long
		. Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1 1/4 Long
3	C250825	. Socket Set Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2
4	C251020	. 1/4-20 x 5/8" Set Screw
5	6329186	. DC Motor/Reducer Assembly
6	J377200	. 3/8-24 Nylok Jam Locknut
7	K161501	.#8 Split Lockwasher
	3708187	•
	3708189	
10	3708192	. Hose Clamp 2.25 Dia.
4.4	0700004	Thomas (NA) and an
	3709304	
	6509048	
	6509051	
	6509056	
		. Actuator Motor Mounting Bracket
	6309053	
		Socket Head Cap Screw 10-24 x 1" Long
	K191501	
		. 8-32 x 1/4 Button Head Socket Cap Screw
20	3700424	. Retaining Ring Ext. 1.75
21	6509384	. Infeed Stepper Assembly
22	3708629	. Split Shaft Collar .25 I.D.
	6309055	
		. 1/4-20 x 1/4 Socket Set Screw
		. 8-32 x 1/4 Socket Set Screw
	6309040	
	6509381	
		. Socket Head Cap Screw 10-24x 3/8 Long

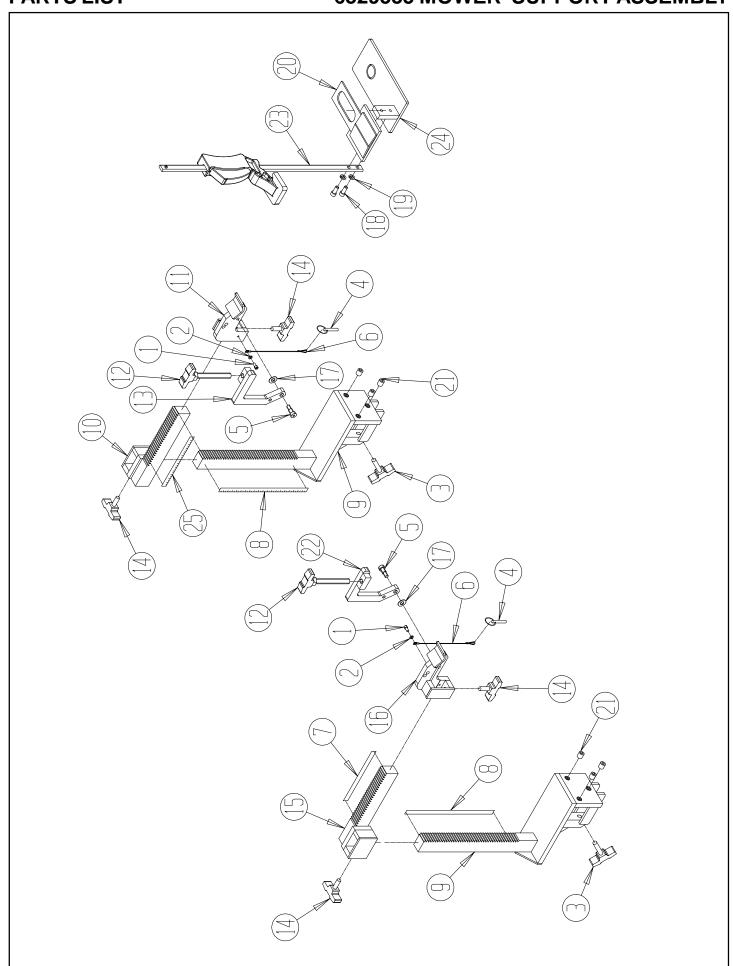


DIAGRAM <u>NUMBER</u>	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
		Pan Head Machine Screw 10-24 x 3/8 Long
		No.10 Lockwasher
	6009577	•
		Quick Release Pin .31 Dia.
		Shoulder Bolt .375 Dia. x .50 Long
		6" type B Lanyard
		Horizontal Scale Decal RH
		Vertical Scale Decal
		Bar Mounting Weldment Bracket
10	6509517	L.H. Front Roller Horiz. Weldment Bracket
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	6509559	L.H. Front Roller Clamp Weldment Knob Assembly R.H. Front Roller Horiz. Welment Bracket R.H. Roller Clamp Weldment Bracket Thrust Washer Socket Head Cap Screw 5/16-18 x 3/4 Long
22 23 24	650957637088816329514	1/2-20 x 1/2 Flat Pt Socket Head Set Screw R.H. Front Roller Clamp Weldment Rear Clamp Base Weldment Horizontal Scale Decal LH

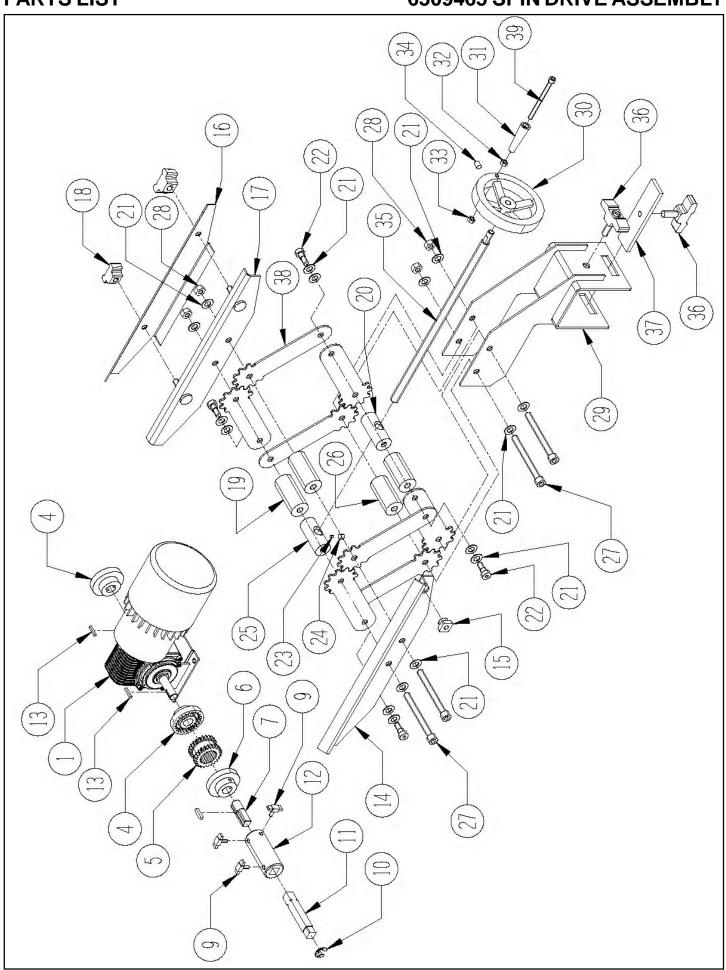
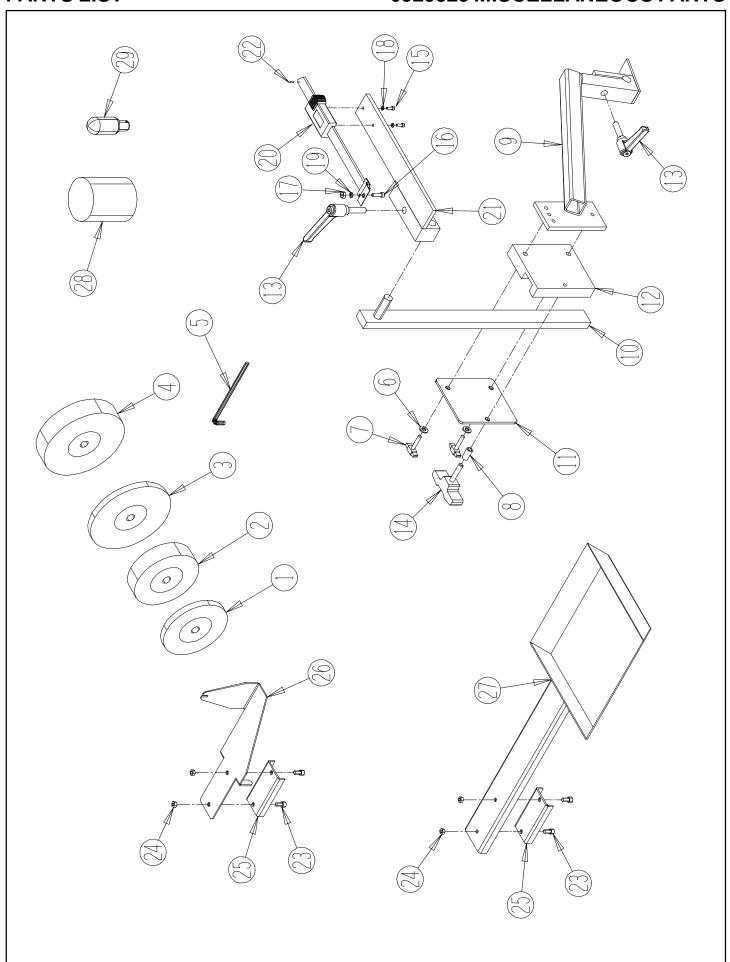


DIAGRAM	PART	DECORIDEION
<u>NUMBER</u>	<u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	6329160	Gearmotor, DC (Spin)
4	3709586	Flange Coupler .50
5	3709585	Sleeve Coupler
	3709584	
7	6009217	Drive Coupling Adapter
9	09394	Tee Knob Assembly
10	3709073	Retaining Ring
11	6009051	Drive Adapter 1/2 Square
12	6009052	Adapter
		Square Key 1/8 x .75 Long
	6009078	
15	3707279	Strain Relief Wire
	6009079	
17	6009580	Gearbox Slide Weldment Bracket
18	3708262	T-Knob - 5/16-18
		Linkage Spacer 2.29 Long
20	6009046	Linkage Spacer R.H. Thread
	3709062	
		Shoulder Bolt .375 Dia. x .375 Long
23	3709705	Nylon Ball 5/32 Dia.
		Socket Set Screw 5/16-18 x 1/4
25	6009047	Linkage spacer L. H. Thread
	6009048	
27	B375611	Socket Head Cap Screw
		Nylok Hex Locknut 3/8-16
		Support Bracket Weldment
30	3708148	Handwheel 4.5 Dia.
31	3709370	Handle
32	J252000	Hex Jam Nut 1/4-20
33	J257000	1/4-20 Nylok Locknut
34	C310620	Socket Set Screw 5/16-18 x 3/8 Long
35	6009076	Double Thread Rod
36	6009555	Knob Assembly
37	6509114	Spin Drive Plate Lock
	6009067	
39	B255011	Socket Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 3 1/8 Long
		Square Key 3/16 x .75 Long



# **PARTS LIST (Continued)**

### **6329529 MISCELLANEOUS PARTS**

DIAGRAM NUMBER	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	3700088	Grinding Wheel 3.5" Dia. x .38 Wide
		Grinding Wheel 3.5" Dia. x 1" Wide
3	3700087	Grinding Wheel 5" Dia. x .38" Wide
4	3700089*	Grinding Wheel 5" Dia. x 1" Wide
	R000863	
6	K251501	1/4 Lockwasher
7	80396	T-Knob Assembly
8	3529069	Space
9	6329555	Alignment Extension Weldment
10	6329518	Gage Bar Weldment
11	6509349	Retaining Plate
12	6509418	Plate-Pivot
		Adjustable Handle 5/16-18 x 1.25 Long
	3708894	
		Socket Head Cap Screw 5-40 x .38 Long
		Socket Head Cap Screw 8-32 x 5/8 Long
	J161000	
	K121501	•
	K161501	
	6509359	
	3707712	Battery Cover - Digital Gage
	6329556	
	H060302	
		Socket Head Cap Screw 10-24 x 1/2
	J197100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	3708384	<u> </u>
	6509474	•
27	6509557	Drip Pan Weldment

<sup>\* 3700089-</sup> Grinding wheel is installed on grinding head when shipped. The other wheels are located in the carton assembly.

## **6329571 CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY**

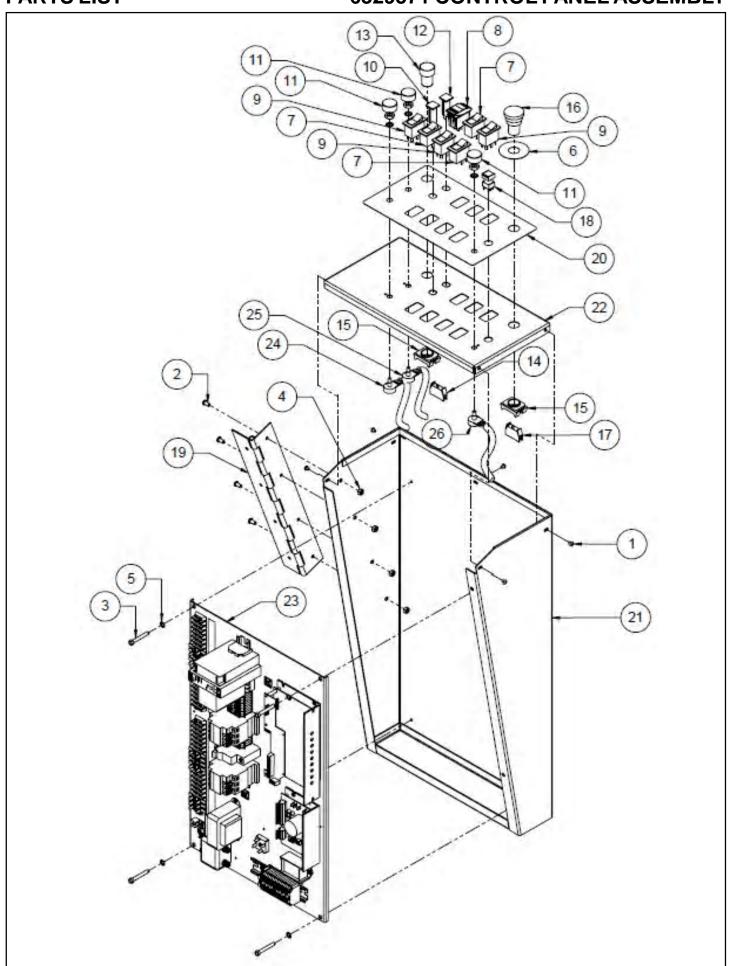
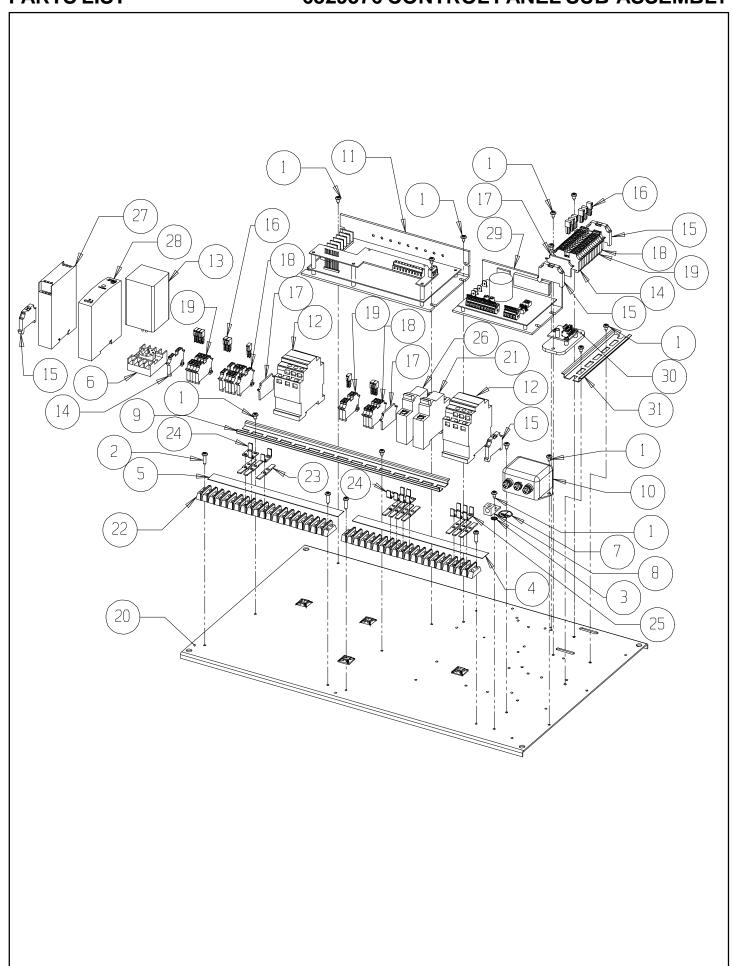


DIAGRAM <u>NUMBER</u>	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	B190834	. Button Head Cap Screw 10-32 x 1/2 Long
2	B250816	. Button Head Cap Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2 Long
3	D250800	. Thread Cutting Screw 1/4-20 x 1/2 Long
4	J257000	. 1/4-20 Nylon Jam Locknut
5	R000536	. 1/4 Internal Tooth Lock Washer
		. Yellow Emergency Stop Ring
7	3707367	. Rocker Switch DPST
8	3707713	. Rocker Switch Momentary (On-Off-On)
9		
10	3707443	. 4-Amp Circuit Breaker
11		
12	3707547	. 15-Amp Circuit Breaker
13	3707564	. Green Start Push-button
		. Normally Open Contact Block
15	3707566	. Switch Mounting Latch
		. Push/Pull Red Emergency Stop Button
		. Normally Closed Contact Block
18	3707826	. Square Green Push Button
20	6329161	. Control Panel Decal
22	6329568	. Control Panel Top Weldment
19	6329070	. Hinge
21	6329509	. Control Box Weldment
23	6329572	. Electrical Panel Sub-Assembly
		. Potentiometer Assembly - Spin Speed
		. Potentiometer Assembly - Relief Torque
26	6059050	. Potentiometer Assembly - Traverse Speed
Not Shown		
		•
		. Dust Collector Receptacle Cord
		. Cable Tie Mount (used throughout machine)
		. Cable Tie 6.5 Long x .18 Wide
		. Cable Tie 4.0 Long x .10 Wide
	3708378	. Strip Foam .25 Thick

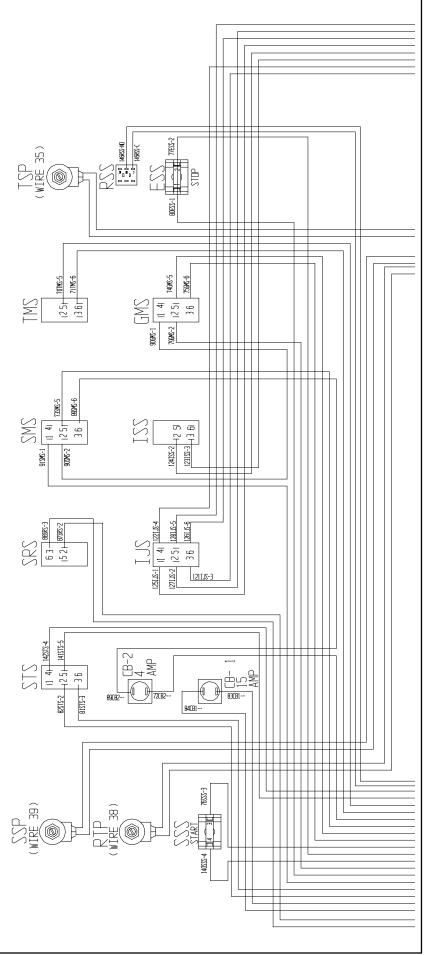


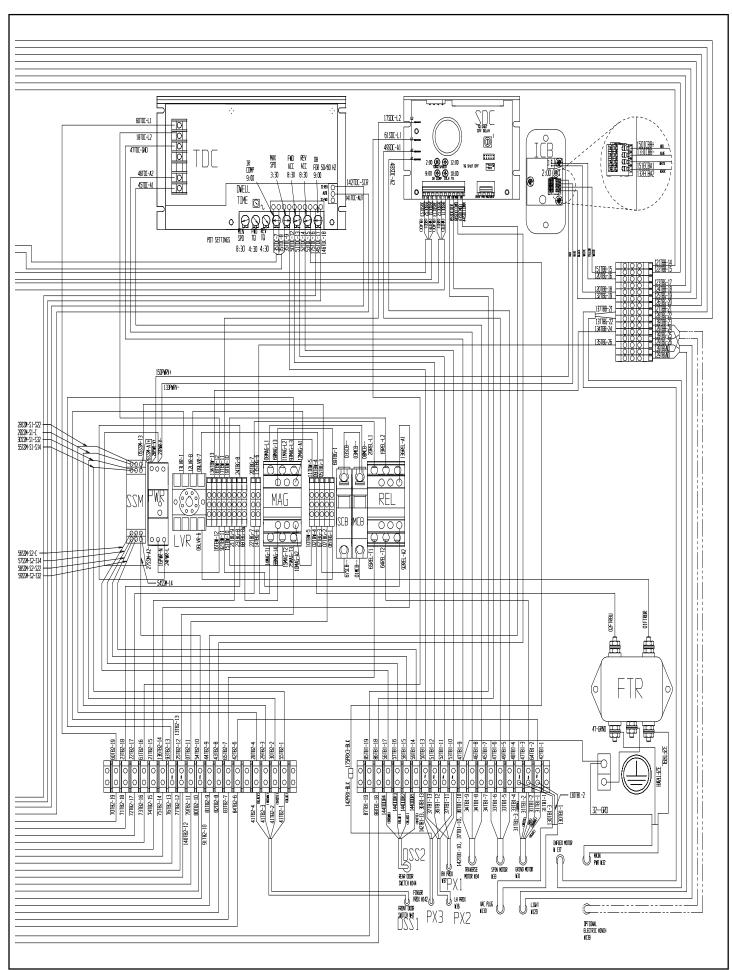
## 6329576 CONTROL PANEL SUB-ASSEMBLY

DIAGRAM <u>NUMBER</u>	PART <u>NUMBER</u>	DESCRIPTION
2	D161266	19 Pole Decal (TB2) 8 Pin Socket Primary Ground Decal Primary Ground Lug
10         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18	3707764	Power Line Filter  Traverse Control Board Magnetic Starter 1 HP Voltage Sensor Relay Ground Terminal Block Terminal Block End Stop Terminal Block Jumper Terminal Block End Plate 2 Conductor Geey Terminal Block 2 Conductor Blue Terminal Block
23	3707778 3707707 3707709 3707708 3707779 3707328 3707859 3707830 3707781	Terminal Strip - 2 Row 19 Pole Terminal Strip Double Flat Spade Terminal Strip Single 90° Spade Terminal Strip Double 90° Spade 6-amp Circuit Breaker Door Safety Switch Monitor Power Supply 24 VDC Spin Control Board Infeed Control Assembly
31	3707602	6" Din Rail

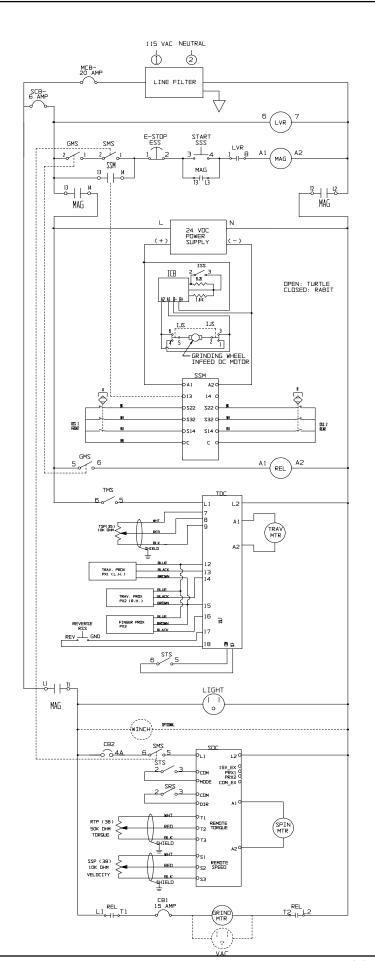
#### **6324576 WIRING DIAGRAM**







#### **632 WIRING SCHEMATIC**



CB1 - CIRCUIT BREAKER 1 15 AMP

CB2 - CIRCUIT BREAKER 2 4 AMP

**DSS1 - FRONT DOOR SAFETY SWITCH** 

DSS2 - REAR DOOR SAFETY SWITCH

**ESS - EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH** 

GMS - GRINDING MOTOR SWITCH

ICB - INFEED CONTROL BOARD

IJS - INFEED JOG SWITCH

ISS - INFEED SPEED SWITCH

LVR - LOW VOLTAGE RELAY

MAG - MAGNETIC STARTER

MCB - MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER

PX1 - RIGHT PROXIMITY SWITCH

PX2 - LEFT PROXIMITY SWITCH

PX3 - FINGER PROXIMITY SWTICH

**REL-GRINDING MOTOR RELAY** 

RSS - REVERSE SELECTOR SWITCH

RTP - RELIEF TORQUE POT

SCB - SECONDARY CIRCUIT BREAKER

SDC - SPIN DRIVE CONTROL

SMS - SPIN MOTOR SWITCH

SRS - SPIN ROTATION SWITCH

SSM - SAFETY SWITCH MONITOR

SSP - SPIN SPEED POT

SSS - SYSTEM START SWITCH

STS - SPIN/TORQUE SELCTOR SWITCH

TDC - TRAVERSE DRIVE CONTROL

TMS - TRAVERSE MOTOR SWITCH

TSP - TRAVERSE SPEED POT